

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON. Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, DEC. 13, 1894.

NUMBER 16.

New Goods.

New Prices.

DRY GOODS

AT

Lower Prices than you have ever Bought Them

New 45-inch Serges, in all colors, marked 50 cents. You will find the same class of goods in old stocks marked \$1.00.

All wool Cashmere Dress Goods, all colors, marked 35 and 40 cents. You will find them in old stocks marked 75 cents.

All colors in the new Covert Suitings. Prices from 40 to 85 cents.

All wool Novelties at from 40 to 60 cents. Equal in quality to any goods ever offered before this season at \$1.00.

Take Your Choice.

You can go for Dry Goods where they are advertising to go out of business, and pay war time prices for old goods, or you can

Buy New Goods in Chelsea

At prices that you can afford to pay.

Thousands

Are weekly giving evidence to the fact, by their purchases, that where they have New Goods is where they have the bargains.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Highest Market Price allowed for Butter, Eggs and Dried Apples.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

SANTA CLAUS.

Old Santa Claus has loaded us down with every thing that Heart could wish for in the shape of Christmas Presents.

For the Children we have toys, dolls and Books in endless variety.

For larger folks we have fancy plush and celluloid frames, albums, collar and cuff boxes, toilet sets, jewel and perfume cases, fancy china and Baskets.

FURNITURE!!

That is where we take the cake.

We have the largest and best stock to select from ever brought to Chelsea. Rockers from 50 cents to \$15.00. Book-cases, Sideboards and Parlor Furniture, at prices lower than ever known.

We have something special to offer in Solid Steel Skates at 33 cents per pair. Granite and plated ware, cutlery, hand sleds, jewelry, hanging and vase lamps, and crockery, at reduced prices.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Special Until Christmas:

Pure Stick Candy, 8 Cents per pound.
Pure Mixed Candy, 7 Cents per pound.
Full line of Fine Candies at Lowest Prices.
Special Prices on Bedroom Suits.

Cigar Makers' Union No. 366.

The Cigar Makers of this village who have been under the jurisdiction of the Jackson Union, have organized a local union and received their charter last Monday.

The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year:

President—M. J. Breen.

Vice-President—Roy Champlain.

Cor. Sec.—C. Staffan.

Rec. Sec.—W. J. Fanning.

Fin. Sec.—J. S. Hoeffer.

Treasurer—Louis Burg.

Door-keeper Fred Heiler.

Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Tecumseh are now under the jurisdiction of this Union.

Officers Chosen.

Tuesday evening, Dec. 11, the following officers were chosen for the year by the members of Olive Lodge, F. & A. M.:

W. M.—R. S. Armstrong.

S. W.—Geo. Ward.

J. W.—L. T. Freeman.

Secretary—D. Schnaitman.

Treasurer—H. S. Holmes.

S. D.—Ed. Vogel.

J. D.—Ed. Rooke.

Tyler—W. B. Sumner.

Stewards—E. Dancer and J. B. Cole.

December Crop Report.

Wheat has not made large growth this fall, yet it goes into the winter in very good condition. Correspondents' estimates indicate that, compared with vitality and growth of average years, the average condition in the southern counties is 84, per cent, central 92, northern 96, and State 90. The figures for the southern and central counties and the State, are higher, and for the northern counties the same as on December 1, 1893.

Correspondents this month have made a second estimate of the proportion of the wheat crop that is being fed to stock the first estimate having been made in October. The average of present estimates is, for the State, 24 per cent, indicating that about one-fourth of the crop will be fed. The average for the southern counties is 25 per cent, the central 21 per cent, and northern, 22 per cent.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in November is 1,119,639. The number of bushels reported marketed in the four months August- November, is 4,740,367, which is 1,618,004, bushels less than reported marketed in the same months last year.

The average condition of live stock in the State is reported as follows, comparison being with stock in good, healthy condition: Horses and sheep 94 per cent, cattle 94 per cent, and swine 97 per cent.

WASHINGTON GARDNER
Secretary of State.

Age of Newspapers.

The annual report of Dr. W. T. Harris, commissioner of education, says that 23 per cent of the population attend school during some period of the year. The average attendance in the year, however, is only eighty-nine days for each pupil. The report says:

"It would seem to be the purpose of our system to give in the elementary schools to every child the ability to read. After he leaves school he is expected to continue his education by reading the printed page of newspaper and book. The great increase of public libraries in the United States is significant of progress toward the realization of this ideal. In 1892 we had over 4,000 public libraries with more than 1,000 volumes in each. The schools teach how to read, the libraries furnish what to read. But far surpassing libraries in educative influence are the daily newspapers and magazines. We are governed by public opinion as ascertained and expressed by the newspapers to such a degree that our civilization is justly to be called a newspaper civilization. The library and the newspaper are our chief instrumentalities for the continuation of the school and the university. The lecture courses and scientific and literary associations are assisting largely. The work in the churches of the land is even a more potent factor in school extension."

Rheumatic Twinges.

Are escaped by the use of Humphreys' Specific No. 15. The infallible cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago. For sale by all druggists, 25 cents.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FOR EVERYONE!

We have left no one out in our calculations for Christmas this year, and are ready to supply you with presents for old and young, big and little. We are fully alive to the fact that if we enjoy our usual holiday trade this season, we have got to make prices so close that people will forget all about hard times.

Now is the Time,

And this is the place to buy the newest and the latest in

FANCY - GOODS, - Jewelry and Silverware,

Beautiful presents in plush and celluloid, albums, toilet cases, shaving sets, etc. Silver cake baskets, castors, pickle dishes, knives and forks, etc. We carry the largest and best assortment of rings, chains, pins, etc., at the lowest prices of any firm in this vicinity. Don't buy a watch without calling on us, as we can positively save you money. A gold filled case, guaranteed for 15 years, with a 7 jewel Elgin movement, for \$12.75.

FANCY CROCKERY AND BOOKS.

Make your selections of fancy crockery from our large assortment of plates, water sets, bone dishes, cups and saucers, etc. We have a fine line of

STORY BOOKS

At all prices, and also a large assortment of standard works, poems, etc. We are closing out about 75 cloth bound books at 10 cents each. We haven't forgotten the children this year, but are preparing our annual

Christmas Pie

Which will be filled with dolls, toys, vases; perfume, etc. We make this Pie for the benefit of the children of our

Regular Patrons and Holiday Customers.

It will run from December 18 to 24, inclusive, and will be open to all children under 12 when accompanied by either parent.

Banquet and Stand Lamps.

We have a large assortment of the latest styles in lamps, and are selling them at prices you can afford.

Choicest Mixed Nuts, 10c per pound.

Fine Florida Oranges.

Roasted Peanuts, 8c per pound.

Pop Corn Balls, Candy, Figs and Dates, etc.

We will do better by you in quality and price than any one else.

Yours for X-mas Bargains,

F. P. Glazier & Co.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings at the Second Session.

The Fifty-third congress commenced its second session on the 3d. In the senate after organization and listening to the president's message several resolutions were offered, among them being one by Senator Peffer for an investigation into the legality of the issuance of bonds.... In the house the secretary of the treasury's estimate of appropriations required for the service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, aggregating \$410,435,079, was received. Mr. Hartman, of Montana, introduced a bill providing for the free coinage of silver. The president's message was read.

In the senate on the 4th a resolution was adopted calling for the official letters of Admiral Walker while in command of United States naval vessels at Hawaii. There was the usual deluge of bills and petitions incident to the opening of a session, none of them, however, being of public importance.... In the house a bill for the establishment of a national park on the site of the battle of Shiloh was passed.

Mr. PEPPER's resolution calling for information regarding the issuance of bonds was adopted in the United States senate on the 8th. Bills were introduced for the free coinage of silver, making the silver dollar to consist of 412 1/2 grains of standard fineness; to form the state of Indiana out of portions of the Indian territory, and for an amendment to the sugar clause in the present tariff law striking out all the provisions except that to remove the one-eighth differential on sugar.... In the house a resolution was introduced repealing section 3 of the act providing for the resumption of specie payment, which authorizes the secretary of the treasury to sell bonds.

On the 6th Senator Turpie spoke in the senate in favor of the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. Bills were passed exempting from duty foreign exhibits at the Portland (Ore.) exposition and for the national dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga national park on September 10 and 20, 1894. Adjourned to the 10th.... In the house a joint resolution was introduced proposing an amendment to the constitution making the president ineligible to a second term. The bill making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense for the fiscal year 1895-96 (\$7,357,703) was reported.

The senate was not in session on the 7th.... In the house the greater portion of the session was devoted to a continuation of the discussion on the bill to amend the interstate commerce act so as to permit railroad companies to pool their earnings.

DOMESTIC.

MRS. LOUIS ALBERTI, of Galveston, Tex., in a fit of dementia poisoned her five children, two of whom died and the others were in a critical condition.

While digging a sewer at Huntington, Ind., a workman struck a dynamite cartridge and it exploded, injuring five men, two fatally.

The annual report of the secretary of the treasury shows that the revenues of the government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, were \$372,802,498 and the expenditures \$442,605,758, which shows a deficit of \$69,803,260. As compared with the fiscal year 1893 the receipts for 1894 fell off \$88,914,063.

EDGAR GEBB and Chris Wicks, Michigan fishermen, were drowned from a fishboat near Torch Lake in Grand Traverse bay.

The big coal-breaker of the Laffin Coal company at Laffin, Pa., was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

The city council of Jacksonville, Fla., unanimously repealed the ordinance permitting prize fighting.

EXPOSITION HALL and the First Baptist church in Omaha were destroyed by fire, the total loss being \$175,000.

Mrs. JULIUS GOODRICH was granted a divorce at Milwaukee and within two hours was married to S. Marshall Conger.

A FIRE in the New York dry goods district did \$250,000 damage and seven-five girls had a narrow escape.

AT MINNEAPOLIS August A. Hanson broke the 100-mile road record for bicyclists by riding 100 1/2 miles in 5:03. This is twenty-four minutes less than Weininger's Buffalo record.

The interstate commerce commission in its eighth annual report says that on June 30, 1894, there were 174,461.07 miles of railway line in the United States, being an increase during the year of 4,897.55 miles, the capitalization being \$10,506,235,420. The gross earnings were \$1,220,751,874, the operating expenses \$827,912,299, leaving net earnings of \$392,839,575.

The national department of agriculture returns this year's clip at 5 1/2 pounds of wool per head, or 240,000,000 pounds.

A CAVE-IN in the Center Creek mine at Webb City, Mo., killed John Larson, Dan Trexler and Walter Cole.

THE schooner Clara E. Simpson was run into and sunk off the Connecticut coast and three sailors were drowned.

HARRY GOODLOE, a student in the Central university at Richmond, Ky., died of injuries sustained while playing football.

JERE MATTHEWS, ex-county clerk at Lincoln, Neb., took morphine with suicidal intent and died, leaving a shortage of \$19,000.

FURTHER evidence of shocking police brutality and corruption was brought out by the Lexow committee in New York.

A BILL to punish usurpers of state offices was passed by the Alabama legislature by a party vote.

A St. Louis southern trade journal estimates the year's cotton crop at 9,600,000 bales.

SCREWS in the employ of the Big Four road met at Indianapolis and arranged to establish a chain of hospitals for employes.

OFFICIALS of the post office department were negotiating for street railway mail service in Cleveland, O.

The Tremont house, the oldest hotel in Boston, is to give way to a big office building.

MEMBERS of the National Editorial association met in Chicago and decided to hold their next meeting in Florida.

BURGLARS blew open the vault of the First national bank at Marceline, Mo., and secured \$8,000.

The old Jefferson Davis mansion at Richmond, Va., formerly the white house of the confederacy, will be converted into a museum of confederate relics.

The J. W. Fowler Car company of Elizabeth, N. J., failed for \$130,000.

JOHN HOFFMAN, 75 years old, who says he has stolen 800 horses, was arrested at Crown Point, Ind., while making away with a team.

FINANCIAL embarrassment caused Robert Huston, ex-sheriff of Will county and a widely-known man, to commit suicide at the Grand Pacific hotel in Chicago.

PROVISION has been made by the post office department for a five-cent postal rate on letters to nearly every foreign country, effective January 1.

THIRTY-FIVE of the forty-two children in the Ayer home for young women and children at Lowell, Mass., have scarlet fever.

THOMAS JAMES, of Kentucky, betrayed a young woman named Fultz and killed three of her relatives who attempted to force a settlement.

ROBBERS held up a Texas & Pacific train near Fort Worth, Tex., and stole \$140,000 from the express car safes.

THE navy department has accepted the cruiser Minneapolis and ordered the payment of \$416,600, the premium she earned.

MISS JOSEPHINE BRAND, of Lawrenceburg, Ind., was robbed of \$10,500 on the streets of Cincinnati, O.

PAUL FIERBACHER, a German boy of Guthrie, O. T., has invented a railroad tie for which he has been offered \$50,000.

ROSS KENYON, his wife and their 3-year-old daughter were fatally burned by gasoline at their home near Lowell, Mich.

THE Exchange bank at Goodland, Kan., closed its doors with liabilities of over \$30,000.

FIRES in the Texas panhandle swept northwesterly and southeasterly until about 25,000 square miles of land were burned over.

SMALLPOX has appeared in the lumber camps in northern Wisconsin and Michigan, having been spread by transient laborers.

FIVE men were fatally and one seriously injured at Boston, Mass., by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge.

THERE were 385 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 7th, against 289 the week previous and 385 in the corresponding time in 1893.

WHITE CAPS broke into the house of Thomas Edgington at Springfield, Ky., and killed him in the presence of his wife and five children. He was charged with beating his wife.

The annual report of the national home for disabled soldiers states that more veterans applied for admission during the year than could be accommodated. The aggregate average number kept was 70,162, and the whole number cared for during the year was 35,564. The annual cost of the maintenance of each man was \$127.45, a decrease from the previous year of \$13.50; the deaths were 1,050, an increase of 20.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 7th aggregated \$1,163,208,848, against \$1,820,000,895 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 5.0.

CHARLES F. HOWARD was hanged at Rawlins, Wyo., for murdering Charles Horn last New Year's eve at Dixon during a quarrel about a dissolute woman.

SHELBY & SOAPER, proprietors of the Henderson (Ky.) hominy mill, failed for \$100,000.

JOHN BURNS, member of parliament and labor leader of England, says the slums of Chicago are more filthy than those of London.

JAMES COOLEY was sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Columbus, O., for practicing a pension fraud.

THE Roman Catholics in Archbishop Ireland's diocese were being permitted to join any secret society excepting the free masons.

CLAUS SPRECKELS has purchased 40,000 acres of sugar land and a town and railroad in southern California.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND cabled the American delegate at Constantinople directing him to investigate the Armenian outrages.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

EX-CONGRESSMAN DANIEL W. CONNELLEY died at his home in Scranton, Pa., after a brief illness.

DAVID JOYCE, the Clinton (Ia.) lumber king, died in Minneapolis from paralysis, aged 69 years.

By the official compilation of the vote in Illinois Yuliff, for treasurer, is shown to have a plurality of 133,437.

THE official count in Tennessee gives Evans (rep.), for governor 841 plurality.

E. H. STROBLE, minister to Ecuador, was nominated by the president for the Chilean mission, made vacant by J. D. Porter's resignation.

MISS ANNIE GRACE LIPPINCOTT, daughter of "Grace Greenwood," the author, and Herbert Hall Winslow, the dramatist, were married in Washington.

ANDREW J. CAMPBELL, congressman-elect of the Tenth New York district, died at his home in New York city of Bright's disease, aged 66 years.

CAPT. JOHN PRIDGEON, the millionaire capitalist and vessel owner, died at his home in Detroit, aged 66 years.

MARK ROBERT HARRISON, the celebrated artist who painted "The Death of Abel," died at his home in Fond du Lac, Wis., aged 76.

JOHN J. DECKER, a member of the piano firm of Decker & Son, died suddenly from pneumonia in New York, aged 73 years.

W. A. BARBOUR, elected attorney general of South Carolina, is perhaps the youngest attorney general in any state of the union, being but 26 years of age.

DR. J. HILLS BROWNE, ex-medical director and ex-surgeon general of the United States navy, died in Washington of paralysis, aged 63.

GEN. E. PARKER SCAMMON died at Audubon Park, N. Y., aged 78 years. He was a widely known soldier, a writer and prominent in college work.

THE official canvass of the vote in Wisconsin shows that it was 375,449, the largest ever cast in the state by 3,868 ballots. Upham (rep.) has a plurality for governor of 53,900, and a majority over all the other candidates of 17,056.

FOREIGN.

THE American ship Richard Parsons was wrecked on the coast of Mindora and six of the crew were drowned.

KING HUMBERT opened the Italian parliament and expressed confidence in the maintenance of peace.

TWENTY Armenian refugees who reached Athens confirmed published reports of the atrocities committed by the Kurds.

JAPAN notified China that she would not entertain further peace proposals unless presented by a regularly accredited ambassador.

AT Hull, Quebec, four men and a boy were killed and several other persons injured by an explosion of dynamite.

VICTORIA VOKES, the last member of the famous Vokes family of actors and actresses, died in London.

CONSULAR reports indicate that the production of wheat in the Argentine Republic is enormous and will keep prices down.

CHINA has decided to send a representative direct to Japan to arrange the terms of peace.

FORGED American school bonds to a large extent were found to have been floated in England and Ireland.

AMBASSADOR RYUNTON states that Americans sojourning in Germany must exhibit passports in order to remain there.

FERDINAND DE LESSEPS, the famous French engineer and builder of the Suez canal, died at the Lachenaie, near Vatanne, in the department of L'Indre, France, aged 84 years.

LATER.

THERE was no session of the United States senate on the 8th. In the house bills were introduced to permit the mailing of second-class matter elsewhere than at the place of publication; to provide for the appointment of a currency commission to consider the past and present condition of the currency of the United States and the necessity for increasing its volume or changing banking laws now in force. The military academy appropriation bill (\$451,676) was reported and the railway pool measure was defeated.

THE president issued a proclamation announcing the taking effect of the new Chinese treaty.

ARTHUR C. BROWN and Henry Reesh, both of Auburn, Ind., were killed and Henry Harris, of the same place, was fatally wounded by robbers at Dasher, O.

MORE than 100 houses in the poorer portion of Port au Prince were destroyed by fire.

A HURRICANE swept over the Azores, doing much damage. The brigantine Adelaide was wrecked and most of her crew drowned.

GEN. J. H. PRECIADO, governor of the state of Morelos, Mexico, and a prominent politician, died at Cuernavaca.

Mrs. JOHN A. WILLIAMS, of New Britain, Conn., who left a sickbed to horsewhip her husband and his paragon, died as the result of her exertions.

THREE tramps who were stealing a ride between two box cars were instantly killed near Lebanon, Ind.

A RECEIVER was appointed for the Farmers' Insurance company of Seattle, Wash. The liabilities were nearly \$140,000.

THE greater part of the village of Mount Stewart, P. E. I., was destroyed by fire.

THE 800th anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the great Swedish king, was celebrated with great pomp at Stockholm.

A CONVICT in the northern Indiana prison drank alcohol which was being used in painting and is now blind.

A FIRE in New York's dry goods district did \$100,000 damage, M. Chambers & Co. being the chief losers.

FIFTY-two indictments were found against ex-officials of Woodbury county, Ia., on charges of malfeasance.

An unofficial list of members elect to the Fifty-fourth congress gives the republicans 244 members, democrats 104 and populists 6. In the present congress there are 219 democrats, 123 republicans and 12 populist members.

Shoot Folly as It Flies.
Says the bard. The difficulty is that the folly of some folks don't fly, it sticks. We cite, as a forcible illustration, the folly of people who keep on dosing themselves with objectionable drugs for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, easily and pleasantly curable with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which not only remedies these, but also restores vigor and strength, and banishes malaria, rheumatism and nervousness.

FIRST SPORT—"And how did the football come out?" SECOND SPORT—"The Rufflers lost the game on a foul." "How's that?" "One of their men kicked the ball instead of kicking one of the fellows on the other side."—Boston Transcript.

Keep Your Mind on
Allen's Lung Balm, as this is the season for Coughs and Colds. Its expectorant and healing qualities, and being free from all combinations of opium, places it at the head of all Cough remedies. It approaches so nearly a specific for Consumption that 95 per cent. of cases which are taken in time are cured.

WIFE—"The price of the clock was \$10, but I got a discount, so it only cost me \$8." HUSBAND—"Yes, but you could have got the same thing at Beezle's for \$5." WIFE—"That may be, but then Beezle wouldn't have taken off anything."—Boston Transcript.

"Mrs. CHAPTER has strange ideas about books." "In what way?" "She will read a story half through without knowing anything about the last page of it."—Inter Ocean.

Dizzy Spells

Mr. E. Stiff, proprietor of the Centennial Rolling and Flour Mills, Dalley, Mich., tells the following story of his troubles and the relief afforded by Hood's Sarsaparilla:

"Six months ago I was in very poor health. I had stomach and bowel trouble, dizzy spells, also very sick turns of stomach, with beating and throbbing of chest and head. I was nearly deaf in the right ear. It seemed like a saw-mill running in my head. I used two and one-half bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla when I felt a change for the better. My hearing has been restored and all the other troubles have vanished, so I feel like a new man. I keep Hood's Sarsaparilla on hand, also Hood's Pills." E. Stiff, Dalley, Mich.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

ST. JACOBS OIL

for SCIATICA. Cures Bruises.

the perfect cure



MATILDA.—It was a good turn you did me when you told me of Santa Claus Soap. It makes the clothes whiter than any other, and saves time and work.

MARY.—Yes, and it does not injure the hands or the clothes.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

The Best Roofing

SAMPLES AND FULL PARTICULARS FREE. WRITE . . .

F. W. BIRD & SON, Sole Makers, East Walpole, Mass.

LOOK FOR THE LITTLE GIRL ON ALL GENUINE "NEPONSET."

NEPONSET WATERPROOF FABRICS.

BE IN TIME FOR CHRISTMAS. A BEAUTIFUL WREATH OF HOLLY AND MISTLETOE on Cloth That Can Be Tacked on the Wall.

Ever green, no fading or dropping off of leaves. Unexcelled for Christmas Decorations. Size 15x20 inches. Price, 10 cents. Three styles:

"MERRY CHRISTMAS"
"HAPPY NEW YEAR"
"CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S GREETINGS"

You want an Organ. Of course You want the BEST. The MASON & HAMLIN has won HIGHEST HONORS

At All Important World's Fairs since that of Paris, 1867, including Chicago, 1893, and is absolutely UNRIVALLED.

If your local dealer does not sell our Pianos and Organs, we will send on approval direct from factory, to responsible parties, at our expense. Write for particulars.

New Style 2027.
New Styles at Popular Prices just out. Sold on our Easy Payment Plan or Rented until purchased. Catalogues free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN & PIANO CO., BOSTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY.

PIANOS. 300,000 OF THESE ESTEY INSTRUMENTS

Freehold their Superiority They Always Please! Their Durability is a Marvel! You can't Buy Better! See them or Send for Catalogue.

ESTEY & CAMP

500 SALESMEN WANTED

Largest Nursery in THE JEWELL NURSERY COMPANY LAKE CITY, MINN.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals are used in our Cocoa. It is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

FREE TO AGENTS

Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Tea Sets, Mantel Clocks, Umbrellas, etc., given in exchange for Coupon Certificates, sent only to Agents. One Coupon given with every \$5.00 worth of Watches. For further particulars address THE CHERRY KNIFE CO., BOX 1, FREMONT, OHO.

ALL MEN AND BOYS who use Tools should have our Illustrated Tool Catalogue, mailed Free. S. J. STEVENS, 15 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

\$100 A MONTH, Selling our goods. Mail samples 50c. FINE ALARM CO., Iowa City, Ia.

50 NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

WHEN SUMMER BREEZES BLEW.

O soft and sweet the morning bright
Breaks o'er the hills and blue:
Adown the mead the beams of light
Gilt on the drops of dew:
The brook that bubbles through the grove
Sings soft its lullaby:
O sweet is life and sweet is love
When summer breezes sigh.

The blue bird's note at early dawn
The drooping silence breaks;
The robin skims the dewy lawn,
New day with song awakes:
And mists from out the valley move,
The wind-swept pine breathes low:
O sweet is life and sweet is love!
When summer breezes blow.

The soft-eyed cow the clover crops,
And counts the leaves before:
While down the glade the milk maid trips
And counts them two, three, four;
"Helga," she sings the milk above,
"One he comes, and two he carries,"
O sweet is life and sweet is love!
When reign the summer fairies.

The farmer boy goes fresh afield,
Heeds not the apple blossoms
That in his path their fragrance yield,
O nature's sweet taught lessons,
His wistful eyes towards the city rove,
Their dreams his heart entrances:
O sweet is life and sweet is love!
When glows youth's golden fancies.

Now autumn winds around us sweep,
Sad echoes fill the air:
The leaden clouds drop low to weep,
No songs the breezes bear;
O memories sweet! that fancy wove,
When summer roses grew:
O sweet is life and sweet is love!
When summer breezes blew.

—Henry Wetherby, in Brooklyn Eagle.



NUMERABLE are the ways in which unexpected marriages do come about," said old Aunt Smith, addressing the members of the sewing circle assembled in the clergyman's residence one Friday afternoon—"how they do come about, to be sure! Seems to be a special Providence in 'em—sometimes for a blessing and sometimes for a curse."

"Mostly for a curse," said Miss Jones, still a spinster at sixty-five.

"And two people, or any one of two people, can make a marriage a curse or a blessing, as they choose, after the ring is on," said Mrs. Brown.

"Until that horrid word 'obey' is struck out of the service," began Miss Jones, "I feel sure—"

"I don't see why that should bother you," cried Aunt Smith.

"Aunt Smith is right about one thing," interrupted the minister's wife in her turn, perhaps to avert the impending squabble. "The most unexpected matches are always being made. Just the people we think ought to come together never do; and just the people whose names we never couple, do it for themselves. Now, twenty years ago no one would have fancied that I would be Mrs. Calvin Richards. I'm sure I wouldn't have believed a prophecy to that effect myself."

"Why, I've allers said you were sent down from Heaven ticketed for each other—you'n the dominie," said Aunt Smith.

"If we were," said Miss Richards, "I had certainly lost my ticket. I was a very lively girl, Aunt Smith. I loved to dance and sing, and enjoy myself generally. I doted on a good play"—here Miss Jones was heard to groan quietly over her back stitching—"and I had beaux enough with tastes like my own. A clergyman's wife I had often vowed I never would be. And I felt more certain about it than ever whenever my father entertained clergymen. They were, it seemed to me, never young and never handsome. Their very smiles were solemn, and they generally had weak lungs."

"Yes, poor dears, that's very true," said Aunt Smith. "About the lungs, I mean."

"I had a notion," said Mrs. Richards, "that to be very handsome a man must be a little wicked. The handsomest man I ever saw was a gambler. When I was a little girl, nine or ten years old at most, an old uncle of mine had said to me once as I stood at the window of his parlor in New York: 'Emma, did you ever see a gambler? That's one. His name is Thompson.' It was as though he had said: 'Did you ever see Satan?' I stared with all my might and I have never forgotten the face I saw then. 'That a gambler?' said I. 'Oh, uncle, it can't be.' 'She knows a handsome man when she sees one, already,' said my uncle. And I always did," laughed Mrs. Richards. "When I was a girl I looked first at a man's face and then at his figure, and, if they did not suit me, I never asked about his virtues. As for his talents, I don't believe that either man or woman ever fell in love with talent yet. And you know," continued Mrs. Richards, "Mr. Richards is not a handsome man."

Aunt Smith remarked, with great truth, that "beauty was only skin deep," and Mrs. Richards went on:

"He's portly now, though, and wears whiskers. He is very much improved indeed, outwardly. Has a will of his own, and shows it. He hasn't weak lungs at forty-five. But when I first saw him he was pale and thin and nervous and had a bad cough. And,

though, as pastor of our church, I saw him every Sunday, I forgot him every Monday. Anyone I knew seemed more likely to please me than he did. And when he first began to call on me, I've many a time been wicked enough to send down word that I was out and hide in the closet; while ma, who had not heard me give the message to the servant, looked for me in all the rooms of the house.

"The young man I used to run about with most drank himself to death ten years ago; but he had cheeks like peaches then and eyes as blue as a baby's. And how he could sing! And I went down on my knees and thanked God, when I heard the news, that it was not I who wept over his grave the day they buried him.

"But I'm running away from my point. Mr. Richards preached to me Sundays and called on me Thursdays and took tea with us over and over again, and my heart never went pit-a-pat once on his account. I began to respect him greatly and to think he spoke well in the pulpit and to feel sorry for him somehow, though I couldn't say why, but nothing more. And Jack Falconer took me out to ride, and Will Hunter rowed me across the river, and young Jefferson sent me bouquets; and all that was enough to put a pale young fellow with a low voice and no idea of gallantry and not a bit of impudence in him out of any woman's head entirely.

"And to crown all, there came upon my birthday—my nineteenth birthday—a present of a watch and chain from my uncle in New York and an invitation to spend the winter with his wife and himself. A gay winter it would be, I knew.

"I had my new watch in the parlor, showing it to Fanny Peel that Thursday, when he rang the bell—and, as I had my hair in papers, I ran away. Fannie took them out for me, and I went down. She would not go in with me. And I found Mr. Richards, paler and more fidgety than usual, waiting for me. I could not help knowing that he thought a great deal of me by this time, and of course, you know, a girl must like a man a little for that; but I thought I did not like him enough to let him say what I was afraid he had come to say. Then, too, the congregation was expecting him to marry, and I thought it was rather that he liked me best, than that he loved desperately, as I wanted to be loved. Cool affection may do for some women; it never would for me—never.

"So I misunderstood and charged



the subject, and all that. And off he went at last, so pale that I felt sorer than ever for him. And I went to my room and had a cry, I didn't know why. And it was only that night that I remembered my watch. I had left it on the table in the parlor, but it was there no longer; in fact, it was not in the house. We did not suspect Hepsiba, who had lived with us twenty years. There was no one in the house to suspect. But the watch and chain were valuable. The police force of our town consisted of two very old men, and father sent for a New York detective to ferret out the theft. He came down at once and felt sure of success. I cried about my watch a good deal, and cried a little more about poor Mr. Richards, who had received news that his mother was dangerously ill, and had gone, probably, to her deathbed. But tears hurt no one at nineteen, and I was enjoying my tea very thoroughly, when a tap at the door and a 'May I come in?' announced Mr. Sharp, the detective.

"Success," he said, rubbing his hands. "Your watch is found, miss. The thief was off for—, with it loose in his pocket. Number 785,694; Geneva, full jeweled; enameled in blue; plate marked 'Emma, from her uncle.' All correct?"

"I was so glad. 'Oh, thank you,' I said. 'Who is the man, sir?'"

"A regular one," said the detective. "Slim and genteel, disguised as a clergyman. Says he's going to his mother's deathbed. Calls himself Rev. Calvin Richards. Says he took it in a fit of abstraction. I say, ma'am, what's the matter? for mother had screamed; and I turned faint and clung to papa."

"It's our pastor," said mamma. "It is a mistake. He's picked it up. He does such things often. Went off with a napkin once from our table. He has a way of picking up things. Where is he?"

"It's a bad way," said the detective; "and he's in jail, ma'am, locked up for the night, and the queen of England couldn't get him out until morning. If your parson is a kleptomaniac, I can't waste my time for nothing."

"I'll pay you, only get him out," cried papa.

"He ain't a what's-his-name maniac. He's abstracted," cried mamma.

"He's abstracted that there watch, anyhow," said Mr. Sharp. "And, per haps it's an impostor under the name. Wait until morning."

"We did wait. I did not sleep, however."

"At seven next morning we were off for the jail. They were just bringing a burglar, a beggar, and Rev. Mr. Richards into court."

"Of course we all knew it was caused by his abstraction. Such fits of it as he used to have, ladies! And the judge made quite a joke of it. But he had been in jail all night and his mother might be dead and he not with her. And in a little musty room, where we were left alone a few minutes, he turned to me such a sad, pale face.

"My mortification is extreme, Miss Emma," he said. "I know you do not believe me a thief, but I must have lost your esteem entirely, and—I wanted it so much. I—intended to strive for it."

"You have my esteem, sir," I said.

"You have done nothing to forfeit it." "We looked into each other's eyes then, and we had never looked just so at each other before."

"I have your esteem," he repeated, "but—I—"

"Well? I said."

"I wanted more," he answered. There was a step coming along the corridor. "I wanted your love," he whispered.

"And I whispered back: 'You have it.'"

"And so he had. I had given it to him somehow in the night, while he lay in prison, and I awake in my own room."

"Then the rest were there, and we parted without even a kiss; and he went to his mother's bedside, but not to see her die, for she came to our wedding six months after—just such a dear old lady as his mother ought to be."—N. Y. News.

HARRY WAS REAL MEAN.

He Made Game of His Entertaining Little Wife.

At a pleasant home in Covington the other evening, a happy company were gathered. The host and hostess had just returned from a trip to Mackinac, and the young wife was relating to her guests some of the incidents of the journey.

"Oh, I learned so many things while we were gone," she said, and her pretty face was lighted with the most becoming animation as she went on breathlessly:

"We stopped one day at the state institution for the deaf and dumb in Michigan, and what do you think the steward told us? Why, he said they sift a barrel of flour fore very meal there."

"A barrel of flour!" exclaimed a young lady who was listening.

"Yes," said the hostess triumphantly, "for every meal. And how many potatoes do you suppose they peel for dinner? Guess."

Nobody dared.

"Ten bushels. Just think of it! And they use three barrels of cabbage, and when they have watermelon, it takes just two hundred and sixty to go 'round. But listen. That isn't all. They seed one hundred and seventy-five pounds of raisins for the Sunday cake, and they put twenty-one bushels of apples in the pies. Don't they, Harry?"

Harry was the husband and the companion in this remarkable voyage of discovery. He turned to his wife fondly, and then crawled out the meaneast speech of his married life:

"Yes, dear. Not only that, but they milk one whole cow every day!"—Cincinnati Tribune.

Not a Large Household.

She was a young housekeeper, who had her own ideas on the subjects of the day. When the man who was putting in the coal had finished his work she paid him and remarked:

"It's late to be putting in our winter's coal, but we have just come here. I suppose yours is all in now?"

"All it's goin' to be, mum."

"Why? Don't you believe in getting in a supply?"

"Oh, yes, mum. I believe in it, but ain't got no convenient place to keep it."

"Then you must live in a flat?"

"Flat enough, mum. Our heads hit the roof when we stand up."

"Dear me. A tenement house, I suppose?"

"Rather, mum. A two-room tenement at that."

"How picturesque. Now, would you have any objection to my coming there some time and taking you all with my camera for an art exhibit?"

"You can take us with ennything you like, mum; there only be one load," answered the perplexed man.—Detroit Free Press.

An Important Decision.

"How did you come out in the breach-of-promise suit?"

"Got a verdict in my favor."

"I thought the young woman had a clear case against you."

"Well, so did I; but the jury held that a man is not responsible for what he says at the seashore."—Judge.

—A little mind is hurried by twenty things at once; but a man of sense does but one thing at a time, and resolves to excel in it.—Chesterfield.

IN COLD BLOOD.

Dastardly Work in a Chicago Apartment Building.

Murder of Janitor A. D. Barnes—Discovery of His Mutilated Corpse—Persons Suspected of Complicity in the Crime—Probable Motive.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—A. D. Barnes, who was employed as janitor of the Hiawatha apartment building, 258 East Thirty-seventh street, was murdered in a shockingly brutal manner Thursday night in the basement of the building, and an elaborate effort was made by his slayer and accessories after the fact to conceal the crime by hiding the hacked and mutilated corpse in a hole under the sidewalk on South Park avenue, just south of the elevated railroad tracks on Sixty-third street.

Suspects Arrested.

The persons who are in the Wood-lawn police station charged with the murder, complicity in the disposal of the body, or held as material witnesses are: Edmund Jordan, assistant janitor, Hiawatha flats, the alleged murderer; John Benson Jersey, alias "New Jersey," a boon companion of Jordan and the man who is suspected of being on the wagon with Jordan; A. R. Winslade, engineer and fireman of a flat building at 3744 Rhodes avenue; Mrs. Andrew R. Winslade, his wife, who is said to have been intimate with Barnes; Annie Mahoney, mistress of Barnes, who loaned him \$150 and did not get it back; Mrs. Edmund Jordan, wife of the alleged murderer, who is also said to have been unlawfully intimate with Barnes.

The Motive.

It is in evidence against Jordan and Jersey that they met shortly after the time the murder is supposed to have been committed and that Jordan said to him that the "job was done and it did not take him an hour to do it." This meeting was in a saloon near the scene of the murder. As to the motive of the deed the police say that Barnes received his month's pay Thursday and no money can be found in his bloody clothes or in the basement where the man met his death. Robbery on the part of Jordan, who was a good-for-nothing fellow, may have been one of the motives. Then there was the relationship which is said to have existed between the murdered janitor and the wife of the supposed murderer in chief. That may have prompted Jordan to strike the cowardly blows with the ax. But the police believe more than anything else that Jordan wanted to get rid of Barnes for the sake of getting his job, and that in this view of the case his pal, Jersey, was willing to aid in hiding the body, and as a reward be installed by Jordan as his assistant.

PEACE PREVAILED.

Gov. Oates, of Alabama, Seated—Kolb's Threats Not Carried Out.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 4.—Gov. Oates was inaugurated in a peaceful manner on Saturday. Kolb's threats of going to the capitol, taking the oath and delivering an inaugural address, which gave rise to fears of trouble, perhaps bloodshed, were not carried out. Kolb took the oath before a justice of the peace at his down-town office and proceeded with about fifty followers to the capitol, the approaches to which were guarded by militia and police. He was permitted to enter the grounds, but was denied admission to the building. Kolb called on Gov. Jones, and was informed that no one but Gov.-elect Oates would be allowed to enter the capitol or to speak; that if he (Kolb) undertook to deliver an inaugural address he would be arrested. Kolb with his adherents withdrew to the street where he spoke briefly from a wagon, counseling moderation and the refraining from any violent actions. Half an hour later Gov.-elect Oates took the oath of office, administered by Chief Justice Birkell, and delivered his inaugural address, in which he stated that he believed he had been honestly elected, or he would not have accepted the office.

HOLDS ITS OWN.

But Very Little Change Is Apparent in Business Circles.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"It is difficult to detect any change in current business. Prospects for business after January 1 are quite generally considered more hopeful in some branches. There are larger orders and the west-bound shipments of merchandise are larger. But the working force is naturally diminished near the end of the year, and the holiday trade brings just now a temporary activity which is not of much general significance. The meeting of congress and the announcement of the new currency plan and of various bills proposed have not affected the situation perceptibly. Payments for bonds have been completed without disturbance, but did not prevent the shipment of some gold to Europe Friday. On the whole, agricultural products are scarcely stronger, and wages of labor do not advance, but there is reason to expect the employment of a somewhat larger working force after the holidays."

"The liabilities in failures for the last week of November were \$2,038,407, against \$2,004,470 for the same week last year, but the decrease was wholly in manufacturing liabilities. \$427,644, against \$1,075,027 last year, while trading liabilities were \$1,567,348, against \$1,208,449 last year. For the four weeks of November the aggregate was \$10,581,573, against \$20,841,121 last year. The failures this week have been 385 in the United States, against 335 last year, and 40 in Canada, against 42 last year."

TREATY WITH JAPAN.

Main Points in the Instrument Now Awaiting Ratification.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The new treaty between the United States and Japan was signed by Secretary Gresham and Schinichiro Kurino, the Japanese minister, November 22, and was transmitted to the senate for ratification and referred to the committee on foreign affairs December 6. President Cleveland in transmitting the treaty makes no comments. Secretary Gresham's note to the president is of the same character. A synopsis is as follows:

The citizens and subjects of each of the two high contracting parties shall have full liberties to travel or reside in any part of the territories of either contracting parties and shall enjoy full and perfect protection for their persons and property. They shall have free access to the courts of justice in pursuit and defense of their rights. They shall enjoy in the territories of the other the same privileges, liberties and rights, and shall be subject to no higher imposts or charges in these respects than native citizens or subjects or citizens or subjects of the most favored nation. They shall enjoy in the territories of the other entire liberty of conscience and, subject to the laws, ordinances and regulations, shall enjoy the right of private or public exercise of their worship, and also the right of burying their respective countrymen according to their religious customs in such suitable and convenient places as may be established and maintained for that purpose.

The citizens or subjects of either of the contracting parties residing in the territories of the other shall be exempted from all compulsory military service whatsoever, whether in the army, navy, national guards or militia, and from all forced loans or military exactions or contributions.

There shall be reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation between the territories of the two high contracting parties. They shall have liberty freely to come with their ships and cargoes to all places, ports and rivers in the territory of the other, which are or may be open to foreign commerce, and shall enjoy, respectively, the same treatment in matters of commerce and navigation as native citizens or subjects of the most favored nation.

No other or higher duties shall be imposed on importations into the territory of the United States of any article, the produce or manufacture of the territory of his majesty the emperor of Japan, from whatever place arriving, and no other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importations into the territories of his majesty the emperor of Japan, of any article, the produce or manufacture of the territories of the United States, from whatever place arriving, than on the like articles produced or manufactured in any foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be maintained or imposed on the importations of any article. No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the territories of either of the high contracting parties on the exportation of any article to the territories of the other than such as are, or may be, payable on the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country.

The coasting trade of both the high contracting parties is excepted from the provisions of the present treaty and shall be regulated according to the laws, ordinances and regulations of the United States and Japanese governments respectively.

Any ship of war or merchant vessel of either of the high contracting parties which may be compelled by stress of weather or by reason of any other distress to take shelter in a port of the other shall be at liberty to reit therein, to procure all necessary supplies; and to put to sea again without paying any dues other than such as would be payable by national vessels. In case, however, the master of a merchant vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his cargo in order to defray expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the regulations and tariffs of the place to which he may come.

The citizens or subjects of each of the high contracting parties shall enjoy in the territories of the other the same protection as native citizens or subjects in regard to patents, trade marks and designs upon the fulfillment of the formalities prescribed by law.

This treaty shall, from the date it comes into force, be substituted in place of the four treaties of peace an amity previously concluded, and shall go into operation July 17, 1900, and shall remain in force for the period of twelve years from that date. Either high contracting party shall have the right at any time after eleven years shall have elapsed from the date it goes into operation to give notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same, and at the expiration of twelve months after such notice is given this treaty shall wholly cease and terminate.

The protocol of the treaty provides that the import tariff now in operation in Japan in respect of goods and merchandise imported into Japan by citizens or the United States shall cease to be binding. From the same date the general statutory law of Japan shall, subject to previous conventions, be applicable to goods and merchandise being the growth, produce or manufacture of the territories of the United States upon importation into Japan. But nothing contained in this protocol shall be held to limit or qualify the right of the Japanese government to restrict or prohibit the importation of any article which for sanitary reasons, or in view of public morals, might offer any danger.

IVES THE CHAMPION.

He Defeats Schaefer in the Chicago Tournament by 769 Points.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—For the second time in a month Frank C. Ives has shown himself the master of Jacob Schaefer at balk-line billiards, with the anchor nurse barred. By winning Saturday night's game Ives won the six nights' tournament of 3,600 points up, 600 points of which were played each night, legitimate title of "champion," a stake of \$5,000 and the net door receipts. The title of champion was not involved in this tournament, but having beaten Schaefer twice in a month the young Napoleon may fairly lay claim to it. Ives showed greater skill in nursing the balls throughout the contest and made fully as many difficult shots as his antagonist. Schaefer's average was 63 14-15 Friday night—the biggest of the tournament. Ives twice broke the record with runs of 334 and 359. Schaefer's biggest run was 217.

At the conclusion of the tournament the score stood: Ives, 3,600; Schaefer, 3,831. Schaefer was beaten 769 points. Ives' grand average was 41 33-37, and Schaefer's 32 47-37. In New York Ives' average was 45 27-37, and Schaefer's 41 20-37. The score on Saturday night was: Ives, 600; Schaefer, 450. Ives' average, 40; highest run, 165. Schaefer's average, 33 8-14; highest run, 125.

HARK!

WHAT WAS THAT?

Oh! Christmas

Only a few days away; methinks it is the jingle of

Old Santa's Bells

WE HEAR.

Would you believe it? He is on his way to visit ARMSTRONG & CO'S store, where he is sure to find just what he wants in the line of

X-MAS PRESENTS

For the fathers and mothers, brothers and sisters, and all the others.

It will pay you to inspect our stock and get our prices before you buy.

A Choice Line of Gift Books at 25 Cents.

Holiday Groceries.

Standard oysters 18 cents per can.
Choice mixed nuts 10 cents per pound.
Fresh roasted peanuts 8 cents per pound.
Choice Florida oranges 20 cents per dozen.
Choice layer figs 15 cents per pound.
Sultana raisins 3½ pounds for 25 cents.
¾ pounds California prunes for 25 cents.
5 pounds of best crackers for 25 cents.
Good sugar syrup 18 cents per gallon.
25 pounds brown sugar for \$1.
6 pounds 2 crown raisins for 25 cents.
Select oysters 23 cents per can.
7 bars laundry soap for 25 cents.
Best dust tea 10 cents per pound.
Boston Baking Powder 20 cents per pound.
None such mince meat 3 packages for 25 cents.
Electric kerosine oil 7 cents per gallon.

Everybody says it pays to trade at

Armstrong & Co's.

* REMEMBER *

WE SELL

We carry
a
full line
of
Coal and Wood
Heaters,
Cook Stoves,
Oil Cloth,
and
Stove Boards.



Finest Line
of
Cuttlery
in
town.
We can sell you
silver plated
knives and forks
cheaper than
any other dealer
in the
County.

Special prices on Sewing machines now until January 1st, 1894.

C. E. WHITAKER,
South Main St., Chelsea, Mich.

CROCKERY!

We are showing a very fine line in DINNER SETS. We are carrying the finest line perhaps ever shown in Chelsea, at a very low price. Please call and see us.

GEO. BLAICH.

Central Meat Market!

ADAM EPPLER, PROP.,

Is the place to buy

Fresh Meats, Smoked Meats, Salt Meats,
Poultry and Oysters.

Our aim is to please patrons, and a most liberal patronage leads us believe that we are succeeding. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Muddy roads.
Dance at Lima town hall next Friday evening

One week from next Tuesday is Christmas.

Miss Nellie Stocking has returned home from Lansing.

W. P. Schenk was in Detroit last Monday on business.

W. G. Kempf was in New York last week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Gates are visiting relatives in New Jersey.

75 ps skates worth 50 cents at 33 cents per pair. Hoag & Holmes.

Rev. Wm. Breitenbach was the guest of Rev. C. Haag this week.

Frank Leach and Fred Kalmbach are in Ann Arbor this week as jurymen.

When looking for holiday goods don't fail to visit Armstrong & Co's store.

Rev. Chas. Reilly, of Adrian, was the guest of Chelsea friends last Tuesday.

Alvin Hatt and Miss Mary Carmon, both of Waterloo, were married Dec. 3, 1894.

Mrs. Fisher and daughter, of Marshall, are the guests of Mrs. Fishers daughter Mrs. Mat. Jensen.

Mr. John K. Allyn, of Albany N. Y., attended the funeral of his sister here Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Perry, of Muskegon, were the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Pierce last week.

Mrs. A. Gorton, of Waterloo, fell and sustained very serious injuries. Her recovery is doubtful.

Hoag & Holmes are offering rare bargains in holiday goods. Be sure and read their ad. on first page.

Chelsea Tent, No. 281, K. O. T. M., elect officers Friday evening Dec. 21, 1894, for the ensuing year.

F. P. Glazier & Co., as usual, are showing a handsome line of holiday goods. Read their ad. on first page.

It is reported that, commencing January 1st, 1895, a charge will be made for bicycles and baby carriages on all railroads in Michigan.

The next number on the Young Peoples Entertainment Course is Fred Emerson Brooks, the California Poet Humourist, Jan. 12, 1895.

The ladies of the Congregational Church Society will meet at the home of Mrs. A. Mensing next Saturday at 8 p. m. to inspect carpets for the new church.

The next regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held next Friday afternoon Dec. 14th, at two o'clock at which time officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

Died Monday evening, Dec. 10th, 1894, at the home of her son Walter H. Dancer, in Lima, Mrs. Emily L. Dancer, aged 69 years. Funeral Thursday at 10:30 a. m., at Lima church.

Michael Goyt was recently murdered in his lonely home eight miles northeast of Williamston. Robbery was no doubt the cause of the murder. Goyt was 86 years of age, and lived on a 40 acre farm alone.

Died, at the home of her mother, on North Main street, Dec. 8, 1895, of consumption, Miss Lillie I. Allyn, aged 35 years. The funeral was held from the M. E. church Wednesday afternoon. Rev. C. L. Adams officiating

The best authorities claim that practical feeding tests with corn, wheat, rye barley and oats are proof enough the best results cannot be had unless they are run through the farm mill. Many tests have been made of feeding wheat soaked in water, as well as whole, with the result of their passing with poor digestion.

Once again the happy Christmas tide is upon us. Many have in mind the purchase of gifts for those near and dear to them. It is always best, in making gifts, to present something of usefulness as well as ornamental. In view of this fact, our merchants have purchased new, complete and elegant stocks suitable for Christmas gifts, and if the reader makes his or her selection in Chelsea they will make no mistake. One can find anything here in the ordinary line of holiday goods.

A copy of the last Vital Statistics Report of Michigan issued by the Department of State has been received at this office from Secretary Gardner, and appears to be of unusual interest. The total number of births returned in Michigan for 1893 was 46,221; of marriages, 20,107; and of deaths, 21,729. These returns, except for marriages, are much below the true numbers owing to the imperfections in the present method of enumeration by supervisors after the close of the registration year, and would require to be increased by at least sixty per cent, the Secretary estimates, to give the true figures. Even the deathrate of the State, 15.9 per 1,000 population, would be much less than the deathrates of any States in this country where accurate registration prevails

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Nov. 21, 1894.

Board met in regular session.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Present—Wm Bacon, President.

Trustees Present—Riemenschneider, Gilbert, Schumacher, and Pierce.

Trustees Absent—Schenk.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Committee on Oesterle matter granted further time.

Mrs. Carrie Oesterle's amended bill received (making claim for \$5,000.00 instead of \$2,000.00) and referred to former Committee appointed by the President to investigate said claim.

Committee appointed to investigate the West claim recommended that said claim be rejected.

Moved by Schumacher and supported by Riemenschneider, that the report of Committee on West claim be accepted. Carried.

Report of Committee on electric lights: Chelsea, Nov. 21, '94.

To the Honorable, the President and Trustees of the Village of Chelsea:

Your Committee, who were appointed to investigate the cost of electric light in other towns, would respectfully submit the following report:

We find by correspondence that Howell, Fowlerville and Leslie are using arc lights, 2000-candle power, at a cost of \$5.00 per light per month. The above named plants are owned by private parties and run by them.

We visited the village of Clinton, a village which owns its own plant. Controlled and operated by the village government. Whose plant cost \$11,000, they paid \$2,000 cash and bonded said village for \$9,000, with interest at 5 per cent, said village to pay on said bonded indebtedness \$1,000 and the interest annually. They have been running a little over one year. They use 26 arc lights on the streets, 2000-candle power, which they report to your Committee cost them last year \$1,040 over and above all receipts from private lighting.

Your committee would suggest that you allow said committee to be a standing committee to report on electric lights from time to time. All of which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM BACON,
W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER,
W. P. SCHUMACHER.

Moved by Gilbert and supported by Schumacher, that the report of Committee on electric lights be accepted and adopted. Carried.

Moved by Pierce and supported by Gilbert, that the bill of Kempf & Co. be referred to Finance Committee. Carried.

On motion the following bills were allowed, and orders to be drawn on the Treasurer for same:

Electric Light Committee, expenses to Clinton	\$20 40
Wm. Denman, draying 18 loads	3 60
Chelsea Electric Light Co., lights for September	60 00
W. B. Sumner, 10½ days work	12 81
Ben Hawley, ½ day work	63
Ives and Wilkinson, 4 loads gravel	2 00
Thos. Leach, Sr., 4 loads gravel	2 00
Chas. Kuercher, lumber	2 66
Dennis Leach, 6 loads gravel	3 00
Wm. Denman, cartage	1 40
M. Eisele, cross walk	28 50
Thos. Wilkinson, 8 loads gravel	4 00
Chelsea Electric Light Co., lights for October	60 00
J. M. Wood, police, Chelsea fair	8 00
J. Staffan, police, Chelsea fair	8 00
Wm. Bacon, expense VanOrben care	5 72
W. B. Sumner, 4½ night watching	6 75
G. J. Crowell, making out tax receipts for two years	10 00

On motion Board adjourned.

JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Chips.

It takes a snail fourteen days, and five hours to travel a mile.

The largest photograph ever taken was seven feet long and four feet two inches wide.

The time is coming when, by methods already foreseen, we shall store and make use of the heat of the sun.

It would take a man seventy years to go through Harvard college if he studied every course offered in the catalogue.

One of the most popular clergymen in Birmingham, England, is a negro—Rev. Peter Stanford, pastor of the Wilberforce Memorial church.

The report of Captain Pratt, superintendent of the Carlisle Indian school, shows the attendance is 602, of whom 358 are boys and 244 girls. Forty-four tribes are represented.

A socialist in Northampton, England, recently notified the poor guardians of the town that he was about to commit suicide, if they would guarantee him a decent funeral.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

YOU Want Them and can Find Them!

AT

SNYDER'S GROCERY,

The Best Goods for the Least Money.

Frankforts, the best in the market, 10 cents per pound.

Ham sausage, as good as you ever ate, 8 cents per pound.

Bolognas, made from the finest of meat, only 7 cents per pound.

Good boiling beef, 5 cents per pound.

Beef rib 5 cents per pound.

A good pair of shoes for boys or girls, only 85 cents per pair.

The best thing in the overall line in town only 50 cents per pair.

Come to us for your gloves this fall. Large line. Price right.

If you want a good whip for next to nothing, come to us.

Remember we keep everything in the grocery line.

1000 gallons syrup, sold everywhere at 30 and 40 cts., our price, 18c per gallon.

R. A. SNYDER.

Wanted to pay cash for 10,000 dozen fresh eggs at 18c per dozen.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

PALMER & TWITCHELL.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

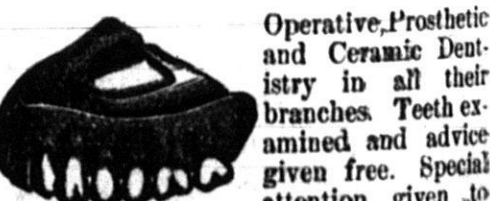
Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop.

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on

Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Excelsior Bakery.

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Holiday Attractions At Our Stores Now.

We are offering in handkerchief department extra values at 5, 10, 15 and 25 cents. Ladies' aprons, special values, at 25 cts. Ladies' Fascinators, all kinds. Ice Wool Shawls from 50 cents to \$2.50. All extra value. 1 case wide wash goods just received, on sale at 8 cents, worth 12 1-2 cents. Good prints in dark work at 5 cents. New Dress Goods and Cloaks received this week. Prices always the lowest. Please visit our stores. Now trouble to show goods.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

A GOOD INVESTMENT!

WHAT? A suit, overcoat or pair of pants made to order at
WEBSTER'S.
Call and be convinced.

Bargains in Shoes

We Have Just Bought a Bill of
\$2,000 worth
Of Factory Samples.

We bought these goods for less than half it cost to manufacture them, and will give you the benefit of this bargain if you will come and see us. Never before has there been offered in Chelsea such bargains as these. The Shoes are A. C. McGraw & Co's. make, and every pair warranted. Come early, so as to get your first choice, as there is only one pair of a kind, and they are going like hot cakes. Also a complete line of winter goods now on hand at bottom prices. Groceries always at the bottom, and when others are crying low prices are always just as low and generally cheaper. Try our Black Cross Tea at 50c a pound. You will use no other after you once try it.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO'S.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!



GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES
The World's Best

Look through our stock before you buy a stove this fall. It is complete and our prices as usual are right. Heating stoves from \$5.00 up.

Lowest prices ever known on Furniture. Pictures Framed.

W. J. KNAPP.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also,

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Here and There.

Ann Arbor will have a farmer's market. Stockbridge wants a good vocal instructor. Special prices on bedroom suits. Hoag & Holmes.

Put on your rubbers; it is a hard job to put off pneumonia. "Trans" means across, but "transparent" does not mean a cross parent.

Fowlerville has a "Jack the Lady Chaser" at least the Observer says so.

The Ann Arbor Courier says Sheriff Brenner will resume work for the Deering Harvester Co., when his term of office is out.

The voice of the tax gatherer is now heard in the land. Terror cometh with him, for like death, there is no escape from his clutches. Pay him quick and the worst is over.

Es Selamu Aleikum: Annual meeting will be held in the Maconic temple, Grand Rapids, Mich., on Goodmorn't-Tame 6th, mo, known to the Mohammedan as the second freezing month, (Ragab), 12th day, A. H. 1312. The nobility of Saladin Temple known this to mean Thursday, December 13th, 1894, and they will be on hand on that date in large doses.

The following bit of good advice from the Pickney Despatch will apply to Chelsea as well: "The farmers in many of the neighboring towns have organized clubs, and will devote the long winter evenings to studying the perplexing farming questions and will hold meetings for the discussion of the same. We can not see why the same thing can not be done at this place. The farmers in this vicinity are not behind the times in anything else, and surely they should not be behind in this. Farmers why not organize a club here?"

Said an observing shoemaker recently: "It is a positive fact that woman's feet are decidedly larger than a few years ago. I can recall when a woman asked for size four in her shoe almost invariably apologized in manner or words; now fives are almost the average size, and sixes are in great demand. The physical culture craze is responsible for this. Young women who tramp, play tennis, and now golf, simply cannot do it in narrow tight boots any longer. As to the french heel, only actresses and woman who ape their modes wear them in the street any more. The really fashionable women use them still for dress shoes, but never for walking boots."

One of the Detroit boys brought to the Industrial school during the past week, has an interesting history. When but four years old he was kidnapped from his parents, who lived in Alpena. For years nothing was heard from him, although the most diligent search was made. Three years ago his mother, who had moved to Detroit, learned through an anonymous letter that he was living in Canada with a family who had adopted him from an orphan asylum. He had never been made to go to school and during the past three years has been unable to acquire the habit. Hence his removal to Lansing.—State Republican.

Pure mixed candy 7 cents per pound. Hoag & Holmes.

Many experimenters with ground feed arrive at the same conclusion—viz, that the same number of pounds of grain fed in meal have uniformly made more pounds of flesh and fat than when feed whole. It is reasonable, says Professor Armsby, that if the digestive organs are taxed to perform the work of the mill in crushing the hard grain and releasing the nutrients from the woody fiber there must be so much waste of food tissue and waste of grain as well, which is often seen undigested in the excrement of the animal. There are various forms of machinery on the market, designed to overcome this waste by chopping, splitting and grinding.

Pure stick candy 8 cents per pound. Hoag & Holmes.

How many bushels of wheat in a barrel of flour? The testimony of leading flour manufacturers is at variance on this question. The largest manufacturing concern in the world, located at Minneapolis, reports that while ordinarily 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 bushels of wheat are used to make a barrel of flour the present low price of wheat and wheat offal make these today the cheapest animal foods in the country; that in consequence of this it is safe to say many millers are using over five bushels of wheat to a barrel of flour. It really makes no difference how much wheat they use, as the offal is worth practically as much as the wheat costs, says the Orange Judd Farmer, which adds: If 10 to 30 per cent more wheat is used in the manufacture of flour, it should interest farmers in two ways—primarily in the more rapid reduction of burdensome wheat stocks, which have been the bugbear for two years, and further in the possibility of securing at relatively low prices needed supplies of mill feed.

North Lake Breeze.

Prof. C. E. Glenn and wife will remain here for some time.

Mr. Alfred Glenn will start for Florida in about one week.

The Misses Pina and Ora Hadley visited Miss Matie Glenn Sunday.

B. H. Glenn has started north on a week's visit and business trip.

No vacant seats in the school here which is being well conducted by Mr. Roach.

Mrs. Marshal, aged over 90 years died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Janett Webb, last Tuesday evening.

You don't have to go to Chelsea or read a Chelsea paper to know there is a Steam Laundry there. Just attend any gathering of gentlemen within a radius of twenty miles of that town, and the glossy snow white collars and cuffs proclaim that S. A. Mapes has had a round with them. Why you couldn't hire a young man to appear in any other then the Chelsea steam laundry linen.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea Dec. 10, 1894.

Mr. Fred Pool.
August Straub.
Miss Viola Volland.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Beautiful Pictures.

From life. Forty eight of them, each 5x7 inches and gems of art, making altogether the grandest calendar in the world. Only ten cents for the collection. Don't wait until all are sold. Send order at once to The American Engraving Company, 300 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill.

Excursions.

Holiday excursion rates, Christmas and New Years, 1894-95. An excursion rate of one and one third lowest first class fare for the round trip is authorized. Tickets to be sold Dec. 24, 25 and 31, 1894 and Jan 1, 1895, limited to return up to and including Jan. 2, 1895.

Dedication, Columbian Organ, Ann Arbor, Mich., Dec. 14, 1894. An excursion rate of one first limited fare for round trip is authorized for the above occasion to Ann Arbor and return. Children five years of age and under twelve may be sold tickets at one half the adult rate. Date of sale, Dec. 14, good to return Dec 15, 1894.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store. Large size 50c and \$1.00.

Don't's of Dress.

Don't hold up silks and display rags.
Don't wear a sailor hat with a silk dress.
Don't use pins where stitches would do.
Don't wear striped material if you are tall.
Don't wear tan shoes if you have big feet.
Don't wear a white petticoat unless it is white.
Don't imagine that beauty will atone for untidiness.
Don't trim good material with common trimmings.
Don't wear big sleeves and big hats if you are short.
Don't expect great bargains to turn out great savings.
Don't jump into your cloths and expect to look dressed.
Don't dress your head at the expense of your hands and feet.
Don't wear feathers on your hat and patches on your boots.
Don't pinch your waist. Fat like murder, will out—somewhere.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

What's More Appropriate

For a Christmas Present than a box of

Choice Havana Cigars.

We have just received a shipment of Choice Havana Cigars, put up in small packages especially for Christmas trade, and are going to make some stunning prices on them.

ROYAL SPORTS, the new 5c cigar, packed only in boxes of 50.

Gladiator, packed 12 and 25 in a box, the best on earth.

Gay Trio, packed 25 in a box, extra fine.

Rosa G., packed 12, 25 and 50 in a box, an elegant smoke.

Eleanore, packed 12 and 25 in a box.

The Empress, packed 12 in a box, pure Havana.

Special cut prices on all the following brands for Christmas only: D. F. Olympian, Green Seal, Roscoe Conklyn, Red Top, Wagner, Carmencita, and a dozen other brands.

Don't buy Cigars until you see our line.

Lowest Prices and Best Goods.

We lead in Fruits.

Dried Fruits.

Fancy, elegant, thoroughly cleansed, fresh, new stock, just what you want for fine palatable fruit cakes and Puddings for Christmas at lowest prices.

Candies.

our immense line of cream candies chocolates, mixed candies and nuts will be in soon, so don't buy until you look over what we have. Prices Rock Bottom.

Choice Yellow Bananas

At our old low prices. Fresh Baltimore oysters in bulk.

A Big Lot

Of fresh packed New York State

Catawba Grapes

Also a good supply of

Fancy California

Malaga Grapes,

New Florida Oranges,

Fancy Lemons,

A big supply of

White Plume

Celery.

Remember we always have the nicest celery in Chelsea.

Genuine Hubbard Squash.

Nuts,

New Figs,

Cape Cod Cranberries,

Dried Fruits,

Watch and wait for our immense stock of

Holiday Candies.

Will be here in a few days.

What ever you want want in the line of staple or fancy groceries you will find that it will pay you to leave your order with us.

For Courteous Treatment,

Prompt Delivery

And Low Prices

Go To

Beissel & Staffan.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

If the successful government bond syndicate should be able to sell the whole issue at the price it now names of \$119 on the \$100, it would clean up the tidy sum of \$1,000,000 by the operation.

THE greatest cold experienced by Parry in his Arctic explorations was 52 degrees below zero. Stuart Jenkins, a Canadian surveyor, writes in the Popular Science Monthly that he has undergone 62 degrees below zero in the open air without being rendered very uncomfortable by it.

CALIFORNIA is soon to try an industry that has hitherto been confined in this country to New York, that of whalebone cutting. While much of the world's supply of whalebone is landed at San Francisco from the whaling ships, it has hitherto all been sent to New York and London to be cut for use.

ALBERT G. DOUGHERTY, of Chambersburg, Orange county, Ind., has been granted a patent on a self-acting breech-loading gun in which one pull of the trigger ejects the used shell, inserts a loaded one and discharges the load. He claims that it will load and fire more rapidly than any other gun now in use.

A GERMAN professor urges the encouragement of stamp-collecting among children. He says it develops the color sense and trains the powers of observation, because the eyes learn to detect resemblances and differences, and gives a familiarity with geographical names that stimulates an interest in geography.

SHEEP and cattle ranchers in southwest Texas are asking the state to help them to exterminate or keep down the wild animals that are playing havoc with stock in that region. So far from the advent of settlers thinning out the panthers, wolves and coyotes, the animals are increasing greatly in numbers through the plenty of food afforded by the vast herds of cattle and sheep.

In the department of Cantal, France, among the mountains of Auvergne, an attempt is to be made to return to the manners of primitive man. M. Gravelle, a painter, has acquired a large tract of land, on which five married couples will settle who will live in the caverns and raise a few animals and simple crops for their food and clothing. He claims that one hectare (two acres and a half) should supply all the needs of a single individual.

THE New York Independent calls attention to the fact that there are a number of admirable colleges in this country that have no presidents. The University of Virginia is cited as one of such institutions. The principle maintained by those who defend this method is that a college or university which has its departments organized into various "schools" does better without a president, while a college having a regular curriculum requires one.

THE American people have associated the name of Washington so intimately with Mount Vernon, where he lived so long and died, that it is almost a surprise to be reminded that he was born at the village of Wakefield, Va., where the government is about to erect a monument to his memory. Wakefield is about seventy miles from Washington on the Potomac river, and enjoys the honor of being a money-order post office, though not a county seat.

A NOTABLE example of a big result produced by small means is found in the fact that lead pencil users have whittled away several big forests of cedar trees in Europe, and the supply of wood suitable for lead pencils is practically exhausted in the Old World. An order has just been placed by a noted German firm of pencil makers with a California lumber company for a large quantity of sequoia wood, which is found to be the best wood now available for pencils.

THE New York Press makes the announcement that Dr. Cyrus Edson, president of the New York state board of health, has devised a simple method by which human blood may be distinguished from the blood of animals. It has been proven that a difference exists in the size of the blood corpuscles of all animals, including man; and the Edson method consists simply in throwing magnified images of the respective corpuscles on a screen, whereby the difference is manifest even to unscientific eyes.

THE Boston board of health in providing for the disinfection of a school room which was closed some weeks ago because of a number of cases of diphtheria which had occurred among the pupils, recommends that the floors, wainscoting, desks, chairs, window sills, door knobs and all other surfaces, which are handled by the children, be thoroughly rubbed with a solution of corrosive sublimate; that all slates and pencils be washed with the same solution, and that all the books now in use in the building be burned.

CARLISLE'S VIEW.

The Secretary of the Treasury Presents His Report.

He Discusses at Some Length the Bond Issues and the Proposed Plan for a Change in the System of Currency.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The annual report of the secretary of the treasury on the state of the finances was sent to congress Tuesday. It shows that the revenues of the government from all sources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, were \$372,802,498 and the expenditures \$442,674,748, which shows a deficit of \$69,872,250. As compared with the fiscal year 1893 the receipts for 1894 fell off \$88,914,083.

During the year there was a decrease of \$15,962,674 in the ordinary expenditures of the government. The revenues for the current fiscal year are thus estimated upon the basis of existing laws:

From customs	\$160,000,000
From internal revenue	185,000,000
From miscellaneous sources	15,000,000
From postal service	14,872,498
Total estimated revenues	\$444,872,498

The expenditures for the same period are estimated as follows:

For the civil establishment	\$91,250,000
For the military establishment	\$3,250,000
For the naval establishment	\$2,500,000
For the Indian service	11,500,000
For pensions	140,500,000
For interest on the public debt	\$1,900,000
For postal service	\$4,427,748
Total estimated expenditures	\$442,674,748

The above figures, compared with the estimated revenues, show a deficit of \$69,872,250. It is estimated that upon the basis of existing laws the revenues of the government for the fiscal year 1896 will be:

From customs	\$185,000,000
From internal revenue	190,000,000
From miscellaneous sources	15,000,000
From postal service	\$6,872,497
Total estimated revenues	\$496,872,497

The secretary thinks many small districts of offices should be consolidated and a general reorganization of the customs service made. He also asks for \$100,000 per annum for investigating Chinese cases and paying expenses of deportation, owing to the new treaty with China.

The most important feature of Mr. Carlisle's report is his discussion on the subject of currency reform. In the course of which the administration's plans of a new system of currency are set forth in detail. Mr. Carlisle reviews the financial statistics referred to in the tabulated statement and charges \$3,022,000 of the deficit to the importation of raw sugar prior to the time the new tariff law went into effect. The income tax will afford no revenue till July 1, 1895, but there is reason to believe the importation of sugar must soon be resumed on a large scale, and he thinks by July 10 considerable collections under the income tax law will have been made. He is of the opinion that the execution of the present laws will yield sufficient revenue for 1896, and leave a surplus of \$28,814,920.

In urging financial legislation for the purpose of supporting the public credit Mr. Carlisle says:

"The well-known defects in our financial system and the serious nature of the evils threatened by them have done more during the last two years to impair the credit of the government and the people of the United States at home and abroad and to check our industrial and commercial progress than all other things combined, and our first and plainest duty is to provide, if possible, some effective method for the prompt and permanent relief of the country from the consequences of the present unwise policy."

The secretary then reviews the circumstances leading up to the first \$50,000,000 issue of bonds, yielding \$58,660,917 and increasing the free gold in the treasury to \$107,446,502. The lowest point reached by the reserve since the resumption of specie payments was on the 7th day of August, 1894, when, by reason of withdrawals in the redemption of notes, it was reduced to \$62,189,500. After that date it was slowly replenished by voluntary exchanges of gold coin for United States notes by the banks and by small receipts of gold in the payment of dues to the government until the 14th of November, 1894, when it reached the sum of \$61,875,374.

In the meantime, however, the frequent presentation of notes for redemption in gold clearly indicated the existence of a feeling of uneasiness in the public mind. In addition the vast accumulation of money at our financial centers and the general depression in business which prevailed in this country had so reduced the rates of discount that the inducement to keep funds abroad was much greater than in ordinary times and made it highly imprudent to neglect any precaution which appeared necessary to insure the safety of our financial position. Therefore the second issue of \$50,000,000 was decided upon. The proceeds of the sale, \$58,538,500, have nearly all been paid into the treasury, according to the terms of the sale, reducing the rate of interest to 2.875 per cent. The transaction justifies the opinion that a 2 1/2 per cent. bond could probably have been sold at par. Here the secretary asks for a law giving him such authority, saying it would strengthen public confidence.

With regard to the redemption of government obligations the secretary shows his attitude on the hard money question and says the one who presents paper for redemption must be given his choice of metals, as a change would work a hardship on the public and nation. This condition cannot be permanently remedied except by great changes in the laws relating to the subject. The situation is the result, too, of three policies: The circulation of United States notes as currency and their current redemption in coin on demand; the compulsory reissuance of such notes after redemption; the excessive accumulation and coinage of silver and the issue of notes and certificates against it at a lower ratio than is warranted.

With regard to the "Baltimore plan" for national banks the secretary says: "As the plan suggested proposes to exempt the government of the United States from all liability for the redemption of national bank notes and place the sole responsibility upon the banks themselves, a guaranty fund of not less than 80 per centum upon the outstanding circulation is regarded as a very proper and necessary feature of the system."

Then coming down to the tariff he says: "The raw materials used in the production of commodities for the use of the people in their homes and in their various industrial pursuits should be free from taxation. If our industries are to be profitably conducted reduced cost of production must precede or accompany reduced prices of the finished product."

"The late act, while it places upon the free list a considerable part of most important raw materials used in our manufacture, left iron and lead ores and bituminous coal, together with several articles of less consequence, still dutiable; thus not only failing to put in force a consistent system of revenue reform, but leaving some of our most valuable industries at a great disadvantage as compared with their rivals differently located."

Tries Her New Skates and Perishes. OSHKOSH, Wis., Dec. 5.—Miss Minnie Lee, of Ormo, aged 17, was drowned Tuesday morning while trying a new pair of skates.

OLNEY'S REPORT.

The Attorney General Tells of the Operations of His Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The topics—the Pullman strike, the commonwealers and the Supreme Court—claim particular attention in the annual report of Attorney General Olney. "It is not germane to this report," he says, "to consider the origin or the merits of the labor disturbance which has passed into history under the name of the 'Pullman strike.' The relation to it of the department of justice was indirect and arose only when the railroads of the country became involved and the passage of the United States mails and the movements of interstate commerce were interfered with."

The attorney general then tells how information concerning interference with the mails at various points and requests for immediate action by his department for the relief of the mail service and punishment of all engaged in its obstruction, were presented to him by the post office department. He also details his instructions to United States attorneys to use all legal means to prevent obstruction to the carrying of the mails, to issue warrants or other processes against persons engaged in such obstructions, and commanding the United States marshals to execute the same, employing such deputy marshals or such posse as might be necessary. Chicago being the center of the trouble, the loss of the very necessities of life threatened, the most vigorous use of legal weapons at the command of the government was, the report says, justified. "Accordingly the United States attorneys at Chicago were directed to at once begin proceedings in equity in the United States court against Debs and his associates and all others promoting and participating in the strike, and if possible to procure injunctions against the defendants restraining them from all interference with trains carrying the United States mails or engaged in interstate commerce. He follows the strike in its several phases, the presence of troops to enforce the order of the courts and concludes:

"The strike at Chicago, so far as it involved the obstruction of United States mails and the paralysis of interstate commerce, was practically broken when the United States troops reached that city, and being broken at Chicago, was in reality broken everywhere else. It was at once realized that it necessarily antagonized the laws of the United States, and therefore must, fail unless the power behind it was stronger than the whole power of the federal government."

It is not usually considered fortunate for property to be in the hands of receivers, but that fact made it easier for the United States government to deal with the "commonwealers of Christ." "This department," says the attorney general, "became involved because the railroad properties seized were in the hands of receivers appointed by the federal courts, and because the courts at once issued decrees for the protection of the receivers and their property and directed the United States marshals to execute them. In very many instances the marshals found themselves unable to execute such orders by any force of special deputies or any posse at their command. This inability was due to various causes—to the large numbers of lawbreakers, to the local sympathy with them to the sparsely settled communities traversed by the railroad lines implicated, and to the absence of any organized militia."

"Upon evidence of such inability being furnished, the matter was called to the attention of the president, with the request that the orders and processes of the court might be enforced by such military force as was necessary. The request was invariably acceded to, the troops being used in each case not as a posse comitatus under the command of the marshal, but as an independent instrumentality, acting under the immediate direction of the president through the army officer personally in command."

"By this means the perils of a grave situation were averted, widespread lawlessness was checked in its initial stages, great destruction of property was prevented and large numbers of persons—offenders not so much from vicious intent as from actual and threatened want and suffering—were saved the consequences of serious crimes and escaped with only moderate penalties."

The business methods and arduous labors of the members of the supreme court come in for a well merited compliment, the attorney general stating that at the close of its term for the year 1890 the court had 1,800 cases on its docket, of which 1,177 were cases previously docketed, while 623 had been docketed at that term. At the close of its term for the year 1893, on the other hand, the cases on its docket numbered 1,214, of which 934 were cases previously docketed, while only 280 were docketed during that term.

DEADLY DYNAMITE.

Its Explosion at Various Places Causes Several Deaths.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Dec. 5.—The second terrible dynamite explosion in less than a month happened in the Flint creek sewer here Tuesday morning. Two men were fatally injured while three others were so badly hurt they will not recover for some time. The fatally injured are Henry Bain and Fred Stalder. Seriously hurt: John Freehafer, Thomas Jones and Emmet First.

The employees on the new sewer had just gone to work. Bain and Stalder were picking out stone in the bottom of the ditch when one of their picks struck a dynamite cartridge that had not exploded when the blasting was done. When the pick struck the cap the dynamite exploded.

Bain's eyes were blown out, his face torn to pieces and two large holes made in his skull. Stalder was not so badly mutilated. John Freehafer was working 6 feet from the blast and was dashed against the side of the sewer and badly cut about the face and arms. Thomas Jones, engineer, was standing directly above the blast, but miraculously escaped with several bad cuts. Emmet First also had his face cut but not seriously. Bain and Stalder were carried into neighboring houses and a number of surgeons attended them, but they cannot recover. Stalder has a large family. The disaster occurred about one square from the scene of the explosion three weeks ago, where three men were killed. It was in the same sewer, the contractors being Henry Keefer, of this city, and Henry S. Hallwood, of Columbus, O.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 5.—A dynamite explosion occurred at Hull, Que., near Ottawa, Tuesday. Three men and a boy were killed and several were wounded. The dead are: N. Martin, aged 36; Henry Lamarche, aged 42; T. S. Eguin, aged 53; C. Barbeau, 10 years old.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Murdered and Robbed.

Michigan seems to be rapidly acquiring an unenviable reputation for mysterious murders. At least six have been committed in the state since October 1, and none of the murderers has been arrested. The latest victim was Michael Goyt, who was found dead in his cabin in Locke township, northwest of Lansing. After dispatching Goyt, who was 82 years old, with a bludgeon, the murderer took a large sum of money and departed. At present there was little hope of unraveling the mystery.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended December 1 reports sent in by sixty-two observers in various portions of the state to the state board of health indicated that pneumonia increased and intermittent fever decreased in area of prevalence. Typhoid fever was reported at fifty-seven places, diphtheria at forty-five, scarlet fever at sixty-three, consumption at 239, measles at six and smallpox at Detroit, Royal Oak, Manchester, Sebewa, St. Johns, Adrian and Danby.

Two Boys Drowned.

While several boys were skating on the river at Nashville the ice gave away and Clayton Barnes, aged 12, was thrown into the water. He disappeared beneath the ice and Irving Boston went in after him. Young Boston became exhausted and he, too, went to the bottom. A large crowd watched the struggle, but were unable to do anything. The bodies were taken out three-quarters of an hour after the accident occurred.

Constitutional Changes.

The official canvass has not yet been made, but the returns show the constitutional amendment permitting inmates of soldiers' homes to vote in the township in which the home is situated was carried by nearly 100,000 majority. The majority for the amendment requiring foreigners to be full citizens before they can vote will exceed 80,000.

To Have an Electric Line.

The Traverse City, Peninsula & Mission Electric Railway company, with a capital stock of \$160,000, filed articles of association with the secretary of state. The company proposes to construct an electric railroad 20 miles long, equip with freight and passenger cars and operate it in the same manner as steam railroads.

Pioneer Preacher Dead.

Rev. J. E. Weed, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Lansing and the pioneer Presbyterian clergyman of the city, died at his home at the age of 83 years. He was born in the Indian territory in 1811 and had resided in Lansing since 1865.

A Young Bride.

The marriage of a couple of people from Cranston caused quite a sensation at Hart, when a little child in knee skirts, who looked to be scarcely 12 years old, was led to take for her future happiness Mr. Chase Cunningham, aged 33.

Short But Newsy Items.

An Allegan county man has figured out that he has thrashed 6,000,000 bushels of grain in the twenty years that he has been following the business during the season.

Out of a bunch of South American bananas received by Ellsworth & Son, of Bay City, a venomous snake 30 inches in length was taken.

Burglars broke into the store of Max Wolff at Atlanta, and after beating Wolff badly robbed the store of about \$75 worth of goods and escaped.

The remains of Harry Johnson, of Ludington, who disappeared several days ago, were found frozen in a rowboat filled with ice in Pere Marquette lake.

M. D. Smythe, one of the oldest and most respected German citizens of upper Michigan, died at Calumet, aged 82 years. He had lived there over thirty-six years.

Deputy Sheriff Charles C. Quimby, a resident of Menominee since 1850, died from heart failure, aged 57. He leaves a widow and three sons.

At Burt the house of a section hand named Casline was destroyed by fire and his 7-year-old daughter burned to a crisp.

The evaporator at Monterey Center closed after a nine weeks' run, during which time it used up 10,000 bushels of apples.

Deputy State Game Warden C. E. Brewster caused the arrest of six Lansing butchers who were offering venison for sale contrary to law.

A Detroit dentist who inadvertently pulled the wrong tooth for a lady patient was compelled to pay her \$500 damages.

Walter P. Kelley, wanted at Flint for stealing \$260, was taken there from Chicago on a requisition from Gov. Rich.

No traces whatever of Alexander Robertson, the Traverse City old man who disappeared on October 28, have been found.

The new city hall at Marquette, which has been in course of construction for some time past, has been completed.

Horse buyers have been gathering up all of the old worn-out horses in the vicinity of Homer, and shipping them to Jackson to a glue factory.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Latest Report Presented by the Michigan State Department.

A copy of the last Vital Statistics Report of Michigan issued by the department of state has been received to be of unusual interest. In addition to the usual statistical study of the births, marriages and deaths returned for the state and counties during the year 1893, the report presents valuable data concerning the methods and results of registration under the state system and under local ordinances in the cities of Michigan, and recommends that such results of local registration, when more efficient than the state system, as they are in many cases, be utilized in the state registration reports.

The total number of births returned in Michigan for 1893 was 40,231; of marriages, 20,107, and of deaths, 21,720. These returns, except for marriages, are much below the true numbers owing to imperfections in the present method of enumeration by supervisors after the close of the registration year, and would require to be increased by at least 60 per cent., the secretary estimates, to give the true figures. Even then the death rate of the state, 15.9 per 1,000 population, would be much less than the death rates of any states in this country where accurate registration prevails.

The article on causes of death in Michigan in 1892 will be of great interest to physicians and sanitarians, and is well illustrated by diagrams and by two colored maps showing the distribution of the recorded mortality from consumption and from diphtheria and croup in the different counties of the state during the five-year period, 1888-92. The rates are based upon the population of each county, and hence show the relative distribution correctly in counties of small size as well as those with dense populations. Such maps comply in the plainest and most readily understood manner with the primary object of the registration law, viz., to show the comparative healthfulness of different parts of the state.

Attention is called to the great tardiness of the present system of registration, which has not been improved since 1869, and under which the returns do not reach the compiling office until nearly a year after the close of the year of registration. This delay causes other deficiencies, which are fully discussed in the report, and which, it is strongly urged, should be removed by the passage of a registration act more in accordance with modern requirements. The report as a whole will be found very interesting and valuable for reference, and may be obtained by supervisors and others entitled to it from the county clerk, and also directly from the office of the secretary of state at Lansing.

A commendable innovation has been introduced by Secretary of State Gardner in the manner of the distribution of certain reports issued from his office. It has been the custom to ship every year to the county clerks great numbers of the "Vital Statistics," "Joint Documents," etc., which were far in excess of any demands made for them by the public, and which accumulated as useless lumber in the county offices until finally destroyed. County clerks will be supplied in future with only as many copies as they can actually distribute. The report is an excellent one, well illustrated with maps and diagrams, and will prove of great interest to physicians, health officers, clergymen and all interested in the important subjects included—population, births, marriages and deaths, and the comparative vital statistics of other states and countries.

ACCORDING TO HOYLE.

Bachelors' Matrimonial Association Is Organized at Detroit.

A score of young Detroit bachelors, some of them members of aristocratic and wealthy families, have organized a Bachelors' Mutual Benefit and Matrimonial Encouragement association. The object is to accumulate a trust fund by monthly dues of \$2 to be known as the "conjugal jack-pot." Of this fund 25 per cent. is to be paid over on the day of marriage to the successful young woman who opens said jack-pot by entering into matrimonial alliance with any member of the association. The remaining 75 per cent. is to be held for the benefit of future contracting parties. No bachelor who is engaged can be admitted to membership, but any young man over 25 years of age of good character and heart-free is eligible.

Cash for Farmers' Institutes.

The farmers of Michigan are going to make a united effort to induce the legislature at its forthcoming session to provide for the holding of farmers' institutes on a more extensive scale than has heretofore been the custom. The movement already has been inaugurated and Gov. Rich is receiving petitions from farmers asking him to incorporate in his message a recommendation that an appropriation of \$10,000 per annum be made for the purpose of carrying on these institutes.

Pratt & Co.'s general store at Ferris, Saginaw county, was burglarized and \$150 in cash and goods taken.

A WOMAN'S HEART.

One Disease That Baffles the Physician.

The Story of a Woman Who Suffered for Nine Years. How She Was Cured.

(From the Newark, N. J., Evening News.)

Valvular disease of the heart has always been considered incurable. The following interview, therefore, will interest the medical profession, since it describes the successful use of a new treatment for this disease. The patient is Mrs. George Archer, of Clifton, N. J., and this publication is the first mention made of the case by any newspaper. All physicians consulted pronounced the patient suffering with valvular disease of the heart, and treated her without the slightest relief. Mrs. Archer said: "I could not walk across the floor; neither could I go upstairs without stopping to let the pain in my chest and left arm cease. I felt an awful constriction about my arm and chest as though I were tied with ropes. Then there was a terrible noise at my right ear, like the labored breathing of some great animal. I have often turned expecting to see some creature at my side."

"Last July," continued Mrs. Archer, "I was at Springfield, Mass., visiting, and my mother showed me an account in the Springfield Examiner, telling of the wonderful cures effected by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. My mother urged me to try the pills and on November 25th last I bought a box and began taking them, and I have taken them ever since, except for a short interval. The first box did not seem to benefit me, but I persevered, encouraged by the requests of my relatives. After beginning on the second box, to my wonder, the noise at my right ear ceased entirely. I kept right on and the distress that I used to feel in my chest and arm gradually disappeared. The blood has returned to my face, lips and ears, which were entirely devoid of color, and I feel well and strong again."

"My son, too, had been troubled with asthma, and I induced him to try the Pink Pills, with great benefit. I feel that everybody ought to know of my wonderful cure and I bless God that I have found something that has given me this great relief."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are now given to the public as an unfailing blood purifier and nerve restorer, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of most every ill that flesh is heir to. These pills are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. The pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50)—they are never sold in bulk, or by the 100, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Don't Fret.

Are your enemies at work?
Don't fret.
They can't injure you a whit;
If you heed them not a bit
They will soon be glad to quit.
Don't fret.

Has a horrid life been told?
Don't fret.
It will run itself to death.
As the ancient adage saith,
And will die for want of breath.
Don't fret.

Is adversity your lot?
Don't fret.
Fortune's wheel keeps turning 'round—
Every spoke shall touch the ground.
All in time shall upward bound.
Don't fret.
—Capt. Mason, in Ram's Horn

"Body Rested, Mind at Ease."

That is what it is when traveling on the fast trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway; besides there is no chance of "kick" for the accommodations are up to date, the trains keep moving right along and get there on time. These lines thoroughly cover the territory between Chicago, La Crosse, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Aberdeen, Mitchell, Sioux Falls, Sioux City, Yankton, Council Bluffs, Omaha and Northern Michigan. All the principal cities and towns in that territory are reached by the "St. Paul" lines, connecting at St. Paul, Council Bluffs and Omaha with all lines for points in the far west. Write to George H. Heafford, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill., for one of their new map time tables and a brochure giving a description of the Comfortable Sleeping Cars. Tickets furnished for any coupon ticket agent in the United States and Canada. The finest dining cars in the world are run on the solid vestibuled, electric-lighted and steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Low Rate Excursions to the West.

On December 4 and 18, 1904, the North-Western Line will sell Home-Seekers' Excursion tickets from stations in Illinois and Iowa to points in Nebraska, Wyoming and the Black Hills district of South Dakota at very low rates for the round trip; tickets good for return passage at any time within twenty days from date of sale. For tickets and detailed information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

"This ring, you know, is the emblem of eternity." She—"Yes, and the diamond on top is heavenly." He—"But the ring that comes later will have no diamonds." She—"No. I suppose the heavenly part will cover by that time."—Kate Field's Washington.

\$6.00 to California.

Price of double berth in Tourist Sleeping Car from Chicago on the famous "Phillips" Island Tourist Excursions. Through cars on fast trains leave Chicago Tuesdays at 8 P. M. and El Paso, and Thursdays at 8 P. M. on the Scenic Route. Write for particulars to P. PHILLIPS & Co., 104 Clark St., Chicago. JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

FATHER—"I do not require that the man who marries my daughter shall be rich. All I ask is that he be able to keep out of debt." Suitor—"Would you consider a man who borrows money from his father-in-law?"—Life.

WAY UP—Pharlington—"I understand that you had to go to law about that property that was left you. Have you a smart lawyer?" Von Bloomer—"You bet I have. I own the property now."—Judge.

LITTY—"What do you suppose her age is?" Tom—"I don't know. But a woman's age doesn't matter so much as how long she has been that age."—Puck.

Mrs. Houser—"What is stage business, anyway, dear?" Houser—"Er—getting directions, principally, I believe."—Buffalo Courier.

SOMEBODY WANTED MONEY.

Minneapolis Murder Mystery Unsolved. But Motive Explained.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 6.—The sensation of the day in the Lake Calhoun murder mystery was the discovery that Miss Catherine Ging was not only murdered but was robbed of at least \$12,000. Mayor Eustis, two detectives and other officers found the key to the box which she rented in the vault of the Minneapolis Loan & Trust company's rooms. The box contained some papers, but not a penny of money.

One suspect was Harry Hayward, the landlord, friend and creditor of the dead woman. Hayward's admissions with reference to his financial relations with the woman constituted the serious part of the case against him. His alibi is perfect and relieves him from direct connection with the crime. In his story to the police Hayward stated that Miss Ging must have had at least \$12,000 on the night of the murder. Besides \$7,000 she had taken from the vault he had been her with \$3,000 at Barge's restaurant, and knew positively that she had \$2,000 more in her rooms at the Ozark. Mayor Eustis, who questioned Hayward for six hours, said:

"I have no doubt that this woman was murdered for money. She was either murdered at the instigation of Hayward or by some unknown man with Hayward's knowledge. There was either a conspiracy to get possession of the money this girl had in her possession, or Miss Ging was infatuated with some blood-minded scoundrel who prevailed on her to draw this money and then inveigled her into that lonely ride."

The public have been quick to connect young Hayward with the murder because he has in his possession insurance policies on her life for \$10,000. He explains that he had loaned her large sums of money and had taken the policies as security. There are two policies, one in the Travelers' Life Insurance company for \$5,000 and another in the New York Life Insurance company for the same amount. Both of these policies were taken out recently, and the signing of them over to Mr. Hayward occurred within the last week.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—A late dispatch from Minneapolis says that Adry Hayward has confessed that his brother approached him at various times and broached the scheme of killing Miss Ging to him. Adry said he attempted to prevent it, and had told L. M. Stewart. Stewart wrote to the officials. Being confronted with this letter, Adry confessed. Claus A. Bixby, engineer at the Ozark apartment house, of which Harry T. Hayward was manager and where Miss Ging boarded, and Ole Erickson, a hanger-on around the place, are under arrest charged with complicity in the murder. It is now believed all the principals and accessories to the crime are in jail.

JOHN BURNS IS HEARD.

The English Labor Leader Addresses an Immense Gathering in New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Cooper union was crowded to its utmost capacity Monday night on the occasion of a mass-meeting of trades-unions called to welcome to America John Burns and David Holmes, the champions of the rights of English workmen, who are on a visit to this country. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, presided, and in an address of welcome referred to the guests as men who stand primarily for the organization of the wage-workers of the world in trades unions for the purpose of present protection and future emancipation.

When John Burns rose to speak he received an ovation, and it was some time before he could proceed. He described himself as "born in a workman's house, raised in the streets receiving education in the factory and finally qualifying for higher duties in the prison and ultimately parliament." He deprecated the condition of affairs existing all over the world at this period, and continuing, said:

"Long hours, low wages, strikes, destitution, crime, poverty, drunkenness and prostitution show that this is not the happiest of worlds for workers. The duties of workmen are three-fold: as workmen; second, as citizens; third, human beings."

Considering the first, Mr. Burns said that as workmen a method should be determined to provide work for the unemployed and remove the causes that enslaved the skilled mechanic. He refuted the idea that a workman could raise himself by the private enterprise of the individual. This, he said, could not be done except at the cost of reducing his fellows for his own advancement.

The speaker concluded with an eloquent tribute to the women of England for the part they had taken in labor reform. He thought their American sisters might do even more.

Killed by Highway Robbers.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Dec. 3.—While Samuel Leggett, a miner at Scott shaft, was on his way home from this place Saturday night at 11 o'clock, unknown parties attacked him and crushed his skull with an axe, robbery evidently being the motive. When found he was unconscious and died at midnight without recovering consciousness.

Col. Coit Did Not Drink.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 6.—In the Coit court of inquiry Wednesday W. B. Hershey testified that Col. Coit did not enter a saloon with him, day or night, at Washington Court House. This supports Coit and controverts the testimony of men who say they saw Coit, or a "man pointed out as Coit," drink with Hershey.

Betsy is a household word. The sale of 300,000 of their organs proves their popularity. You can't buy better. Their pianos are rapidly coming to the front, and rank with the best. Good judges pronounce favorably on their merits. See advertisement in another column.

Sue—"It is very nice to go to the theater, but you never take me along when you go." He—"Well, I'll take you with me to-night. There is a play on the boards you ought to see." "What is it?" "The Taming of the Shrew."—Texas Siftings.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. "On the Mississippi" will remain at McVicker's Theater for four weeks longer. It will be the holiday attraction. Secure seats by mail.

Miss Budd—"Do you believe in long courtships, Mr. Benedict?" Mr. B.—"I don't believe in more than six or eight hours at a session."—Smith, Gray & Co.'s Monthly.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years. LIZZIE FERREL, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

Old STAGER says that they used to hunt with horns, but they fish with them now.—Philadelphia Record.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$3 50 @ 5 10
Sheep.....	2 00 @ 5 50
Hogs.....	4 75 @ 5 00
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 05 @ 3 70
City Mills Patents.....	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	20 1/2 @ 70 1/2
No. 1 Northern.....	70 1/2 @ 70 1/2
CORN—No. 2.....	57 @ 57 1/2
December.....	55 1/2 @ 55 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	34 1/2 @ 34 1/2
RYE.....	54 @ 55
PORK—Mess, New.....	13 50 @ 14 00
LARD—Western.....	7 23 1/2 @ 7 27 1/2
BUTTER—West'n Creamery.....	16 @ 25
Western Dairy.....	11 @ 16

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers.....	\$3 10 @ 5 55
Stocks and Feeders.....	2 30 @ 3 40
Butchers' Steers.....	2 80 @ 3 50
Texas Steers.....	2 25 @ 3 10
HOGS.....	3 85 @ 4 70
SHEEP.....	1 25 @ 3 00
BUTTER—Creamery.....	19 @ 23
Dairy.....	11 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh.....	22 @ 23
BROOM CORN (per ton).....	80 00 @ 120 00
POTATOES (per bu.).....	40 @ 55
PORK—Mess.....	11 50 @ 12 00
LARD—Steam.....	6 50 @ 6 92 1/2
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	3 25 @ 3 50
Spring Straights.....	2 20 @ 2 75
Winter Patents.....	2 50 @ 2 70
Winter Straights.....	2 25 @ 2 50
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2.....	54 1/2 @ 55
Corn, No. 2.....	47 1/2 @ 47 1/2
Oats, No. 2.....	29 1/2 @ 29 1/2
Rye.....	47 1/2 @ 48
Barley, Good to Choice.....	53 @ 54 1/2
LUMBER—Dry Piece Stuff.....	8 80 @ 9 00
Common Dry Inch.....	10 50 @ 11 00
Loth. Dry.....	1 40 @ 1 60
Shingles.....	1 10 @ 2 00

MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....	58 1/2 @ 58 1/2
Corn, No. 2.....	44 1/2 @ 45
Oats, No. 2 White.....	32 1/2 @ 32 1/2
Rye.....	50 @ 50 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	52 1/2 @ 53 1/2
PORK—Mess.....	12 00 @ 12 05
LARD—Steam.....	6 55 @ 6 90

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Texas Steers.....	\$3 00 @ 3 10
Native Steers.....	2 10 @ 3 00
HOGS.....	4 00 @ 4 55
SHEEP.....	2 70 @ 2 75

OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Light and Mixed.....	\$2 00 @ 3 50
Heavy.....	4 25 @ 4 35
SHEEP.....	2 50 @ 3 10

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Hard Work and Indigestion go Hand in Hand.

Concentrated thought, continued in, robs the stomach of necessary blood, and this is also true of hard physical labor.

When a five horse-power engine is made to do ten horse-power work something is going to break. Very often the hard-worked man coming from the field or the office will "bolt" his food in a few minutes which will take hours to digest. Then too, many foods are about as useful in the stomach as a keg of nails would be in a fire under a boiler. The ill-used stomach refuses to do its work without the proper stimulus which it gets from the blood and nerves. The nerves are weak and "ready to break" because they do not get the nourishment they require from the blood, finally the ill-used brain is morbidly wide awake when the overworked man attempts to find rest in bed.

The application of common sense in the treatment of the stomach and the whole system brings to the busy man the full enjoyment of life and healthy digestion when he takes Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to relieve a bilious stomach or after a too hearty meal, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. The "Pleasant Pellets" are tiny sugar-coated pills made of highly concentrated vegetable ingredients which relieve the stomach of all offending matters easily and thoroughly. They need only be taken for a short time to cure the biliousness, constipation and slothfulness, or torpor, of the liver; then the "Medical Discovery" should be taken in teaspoonful doses to increase the blood and enrich it. It has a peculiar effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels, toning up and strengthening them for all time. The whole system feels the effect of the pure blood coursing through the body and the nerves are vitalized and strengthened, not deadened, or put to sleep, as the so-called celery compounds and nerve mixtures do—but refreshed and fed on the food they need for health. If you suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, nervousness, and any of the ills which come from impure blood and disordered stomach, you can cure yourself with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery which can be obtained at any drug store in the country.

NEW BOOK "From Monkey to Man."

It is intensely interesting, amusing and profitable reading. 65 illustrations, 323 pages, paper, 50c; cloth, \$1.00. Sent prepaid on receipt of price.

"THE STORY OF CHICAGO."

In two large Royal quarto volumes of 500 pages each, 1,000 half tone illustrations, pictures of the World's Fair, street scenes, views of Chicago at all periods from 1837 to the present date, portraits of men and women, groups of World's Fair people, etc. The text is full and complete, giving the history of Chicago's growth year by year and the most interesting facts possible. It cannot be excelled for a holiday, wedding or birthday present. Either volume will be sent prepaid on receipt of price. Cloth, \$2.50; half Morocco, \$4.50; full Morocco Gilt, \$7.50 per volume. Circulars free. AGENTS WANTED. DIBBLE PUBLISHING CO., 1344 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO. SEND THIS PAPER every time you write.

Ely's Cream Balm

QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm to each nostril.

ELY BROS., 54 Warren St., N. Y.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Economy requires that in every receipt calling for baking powder the Royal shall be used. It will go further and make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

"Did that uncle of yours leave you any money?" "He isn't dead yet." "Oh! Doesn't he hang on a long time?" "He does." "Why don't you present him with a folding bed?"—Washington Star.

Harvest Excursions.

Nov. 20th, Dec. 4th and 18th the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Ry. will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates to all points in Texas, Eddy, New Mexico, and Lako Charles, La. For particulars address H. A. Chemir, Room 12 The Rookery, Chicago, Ill.

FALL STILES—the ones pigs are in.—Philadelphia Record.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

LITTLE BOY—"Perkins, our new coachman, says England is his mother country. Is it yours, too?" Gardener—"No, he jabsers, it's my astep-mother country."—N. Y. Weekly.

FORTIFY Feeble Lungs Against Winter with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

MAN bows to fate, but not as a matter of courtesy.—Galveston News.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken internally. Price 75c.

Want a Farm? Why Not go on the

Home-Seekers' Excursion

On December 18th? Round-trip tickets will be sold at REDUCED RATES.

Write to or call upon nearest S. A. T. F. M. ROUTE agent, or C. A. BIGGINS, Asst. Gen'l. Passenger Agent, CHICAGO, for full particulars. SEND THIS PAPER every time you write.



CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS

SOLID VESTIBULE TRAIN. Daily at 9:00 p. m. from Chicago. New and elegant equipment, built expressly for this service. Train lighted throughout by gas. Tickets and further information of your local ticket agent, or by addressing S. B. RANSON, G. P. A., Ill. Cent. & St. Chicago, Ill.

DRISING STOVE POLISH

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SUNPASTE STOVE POLISH FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH. MAKES NO DUST. IN 5 & 10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE. MORSE BROS. PROP'S. CANTON, MA.

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE For Nothing

12 Numbers 1,200 Pages 1,000 Pictures For \$1.00

Features for 1895

NAPOLEON

Eighty portraits, showing him from youth to death, and over 100 other portraits and pictures of his family, generals, etc., and of his great battle-fields. The most complete collection of Napoleon pictures ever printed, and the complete life of Napoleon in eight numbers. (Nov. '94—June '95.)

The Eight Napoleon Numbers, \$1.00 And Four Earlier Issues Free.

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A complete series of portraits and an anecdotal story of his life from living men who knew him, will begin in an early issue.

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The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood. 36

Odds and Ends.

Closing out prices on stoves. Hong & Holmes.

To keep salt dry for table use, mix a teaspoonful of corn starch with one cupful of salt.

Some unregenerate rascal has stolen Corbett's \$10,000 diamond championship belt. If he is apprehended we hope to see him receive the severest penalty prescribed for petty larceny.

A deaf and dumb couple have just been divorced in Chicago. Had such a thing happened anywhere else it would have been one of the sensations of the day, but anything that comes off in the Breezy City has ceased to be surprising.

A covered moving wagon passed over the county line road last Tuesday returning from the west, on the side of which were the following words: "Nebraska for Irrigation, Kansas for starvation, Grover Cleveland's administration for hell and damnation, I'm going home to my wife's relation."—Ex.

A woman in a little Ohio township asserted her right to be up and doing some twenty-eight years ago, when she decided she would build a sidewalk from her house to the village, two and one-half miles away. She headed a subscription list which was presented to women only, collected and disbursed \$225 in money besides soliciting and procuring many times that amount in work. She personally supervised the construction of bridge and culverts, and assisted in the grading. The sidewalk is in good repair to-day, and for all these years has been a monument of what one small, unpretending woman can accomplish when backed by energy and perseverance.

Try this on your bangs if they positively refuse to stay curled: Wash them twice a week in soft water in which is one part alcohol and dry them carefully, says one who has tried it. That is about one of the best and safest thing to keep them free from oily matter. The one who uses it, however, must remember that this will have a tendency to make the hair a little lighter. Hair-dressers moisten the fringe with diluted bay rum before curling. Use a moderately hot iron. If you use an iron that is very hot it will deaden the life in the hair, and in a little while you will find your hair will not stay in a curl at all and that you will have to let it "rest up." An iron that will not "sizz" is best. Wrap the hair around it and let it stay there till it does not feel in the least moist, and when you release the hair you will find that the curls will be soft and fluffy.

What is the value of a human life, not the sentimental value, but its worth in a cold cash calculation? Ever since Cain slew his brother there has been dihyne and human insistence upon the sacredness of human life, and the old law was an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth. He who slew his fellow-man must expiate his crime by his own death. In times which are regarded as barbaric as compared with these damages for loss of a life were sought by the sufferer, who judged himself what the measure should be and executed his judgment, if he had the power to do so, but civilization has instituted courts for the purpose of ascertaining the value of human life and the sufferer must appeal to these. The law-making power of Illinois has eyed speculation upon the point. It has declared that the utmost shall be paid for a destroyed life by the agency responsible for destruction is \$5,000. The great manslaughtering in civilization when contending armies are not in the field are railroad corporations. The killing of human creatures is incidental to the business of common carriers. There is no malice premeditated upon the part of a company. It would very gladly avoid such killing, because it means responsibility in damages. But its own recklessness in centers of population, its own method of moving locomotives rapidly over street crossings at grade, result in these murders, and when widows and orphans appeal to the courts for redress they find the way barred, no matter what may be the money value of the life that is taken, by this law in Illinois that the value of a human life in no case exceeds \$5,000. What will the Legislature of Illinois at its forthcoming session do to remedy an enactment which is a travesty upon civilization and has wrought infinite disaster because it has prevented common carriers from being held to what would be the real loss to survivors in the destruction of human life?

Markets.

Chelsea, Dec. 13, 1894

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Butter, per pound	15c
Oats, per bushel	30c
Corn, per bushel	25c
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W. S. COLLINS. W. S. Collins, of Saginaw, speaks. "I am 32. At 15 I learned a bad habit which I continued till 19. I then became 'one of the boys' and led a gay life. Exposure produced syphilis. I became nervous and despondent; no ambition; memory poor; eyes red, sunken and blurry; pimples on face; hair loose, bone pains; weak back; varicose veins; dreams and losses at night; weak parts deposit in urine, etc. I spent hundreds of dollars without help, and was contemplating suicide when a friend recommended Dr. Kennedy & Korgan's New Method Treatment. Thank God I tried it. In two months I was cured. This was six years ago, and never had a return. Was married two years ago and all happy. Boys, try Dr. Kennedy & Korgan's New Method before giving up hope."

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18-Opthalmia, Sore or Weak Eyes.....		.25
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20-Whooping Cough.....		.25
21-Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.....		.25
22-Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing.....		.25
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Grand Rapids Express.	10:35 A.M.
Mail and Express.	3:19 P.M.
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